## brother

## FACSIMILE EQUIPMENT PARTS REFERENCE LIST

MODEL: FAX 270MC/290MC
FAX170/190/510/520DT/520MC MFC 370MC/390MC


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## PREFACE

This publication is a Service Manual covering the specifications, construction, theory of operation, and maintenance of the Brother facsimile equipment. It includes information required for field troubleshooting and repair-disassembly, reassembly, and adjustment-so that service personnel will be able to understand equipment function, to rapidly repair the equipment and order any necessary spare parts.

To perform appropriate maintenance so that the facsimile equipment is always in best condition for the customer, the service personnel must adequately understand and apply this manual.

This manual is made up of six chapters and appendices.

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CHAPTER II. INSTALLATION
CHAPTER III. THEORY OF OPERATION
CHAPTER IV. DISASSEMBLY/REASSEMBLY AND LUBRICATION
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## CHAPTER I.

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

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## 1. EQUIPMENT OUTLINE

### 1.1 External Appearance and Weight

The figure below shows the equipment appearance and approximate dimensions.

(Unit: mm)

Weight: Machine proper Approx. 2.8 kg (excluding a paper roll)
In package Approx. 4.6 kg

### 1.2 Components

The equipment consists of the following major components:


## 2. SPECIFICATIONS

| Model | FAX-170 | FAX-190 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Color | Bluish-black (1395) | Bluish-white (1397) |
| Modem Speed | 9600 bps | 9600 bps |
| Coding Method | MH | MH |
| Transmission Speed | 15 sec . | 15 sec . |
| CCITT Group | G3 | G3 |
| Input/Output Width | Max. 8.5" x 8.5" | Max. 8.5" x 8.5" |
| Handset | Yes | Yes |
| Automatic Cutter | Yes | Yes |
| ADF Capacity (pages) | 10 | 10 |
| Anti-curl System | Yes | Yes |
| Roll Paper Size (Standard thermal/Therma PLUS) | 98' | 98' |
| LCD Size | $16 \times 1$ | $16 \times 1$ |
| On-screen Programming | Yes | Yes |
| Memory Capacity | No | No |
| Super Fine | Yes | Yes |
| Smoothing | Yes | Yes |
| Gray Scale (levels) | 32 | 32 |
| One-touch Dialing | 5 locations | 5 locations |
| Speed Dialing | 15 locations | 20 locations |
| Telephone Index | Yes | Yes |
| Super Telephone Index | No | No |
| Hook Key (TEL Key) | Yes | Yes |
| Fax/Tel Switch | Yes | Yes |
| TAD Interface | Yes | Yes |
| Enlargement/Reduction | No | No |
| Enhanced Remote Activation | Yes | Yes |
| Distinctive Ringing (FAX Ability) | Yes | Yes |
| Next-fax Reservation | No | Yes |
| Help | Yes, simple | Yes, simple |
| Caller ID (Caller Display) | Yes | Yes |
| Automatic Redialing | Yes | Yes |
| Auto Reduction | No | No |
| Multi-resolution Transmission | Yes | Yes |
| Polling | Yes | Yes |
| Delayed Transmission | Yes, 1 timer | Yes, 1 timer |
| Delayed Polling | Yes | Yes |
| Coverpage | Yes | Yes |
| Call Reservation | Yes | Yes |
| Call-back Message | Yes | Yes |
| Activity Report | Yes | Yes |
| Auto CNG Detection (New) | Yes | Yes |
| Transmission Verification Report | Yes | Yes |
| ECM | No | No |
| Broadcasting | No | No |
| Quick Scanning | No | No |
| Out-of-paper Reception | No | No |
| Multi Copy | No | No |
| Multi Transmission | No | No |
| PCI (Missing link) | No | No |
| Confidential Mailbox | No | No |


| Model | FAX-510 | HOME FAX |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Color | Bluish-black (1395), Bluish-white (1397)* | Bluish-white (1397) |
| Modem Speed | 9600 bps | 9600 bps |
| Coding Method | MH | MH |
| Transmission Speed | 15 sec . | 15 sec . |
| CCITT Group | G3 | G3 |
| Input/Output Width | Max. 8.5" x 8.5" | Max. 8.5" x 8.5" |
| Handset | Yes | Yes |
| Automatic Cutter | Yes | Yes |
| ADF Capacity (pages) | 10 | 10 |
| Anti-curl System | Yes | Yes |
| Roll Paper Size (Standard thermal/Therma PLUS) | 98' | 98' |
| LCD Size | $16 \times 1$ | $16 \times 1$ |
| On-screen Programming | Yes | Yes |
| Memory Capacity | No | No |
| Super Fine | Yes | Yes |
| Smoothing | Yes | Yes |
| Gray Scale (levels) | 32 | 32 |
| One-touch Dialing | 5 locations | 5 locations |
| Speed Dialing | (See Super Telephone Index.) | (See Super Telephone Index.) |
| Telephone Index | Yes | Yes |
| Super Telephone Index | Yes, 50 locations | Yes, 50 locations |
| Hook Key (TEL Key) | Yes | Yes |
| Fax/Tel Switch | Yes | Yes |
| TAD Interface | Yes | Yes |
| Enlargement/Reduction | No | No |
| Enhanced Remote Activation | Yes | Yes |
| Distinctive Ringing (FaxAbility) | Yes** | Yes |
| Next-fax Reservation | Yes | Yes |
| Help | Yes, simple | Yes, simple |
| Caller ID (Caller Display) | Yes*** | Yes |
| Automatic Redialing | Yes | Yes |
| Auto Reduction | No | No |
| Multi-resolution Transmission | Yes | Yes |
| Polling | Yes | Yes |
| Delayed Transmission | Yes, 1 timer | Yes, 1 timer |
| Delayed Polling | Yes | Yes |
| Coverpage | Yes | Yes |
| Call Reservation | Yes | Yes |
| Call-back Message | Yes | Yes |
| Activity Report | Yes | Yes |
| Auto CNG Detection (New) | Yes | Yes |
| Transmission Verification Report | Yes | Yes |
| ECM | No | No |
| Broadcasting | No | No |
| Quick Scanning | No | No |
| Out-of-paper Reception | No | No |
| Multi Copy | No | No |
| Multi Transmission | No | No |
| PCI (Missing link) | No | No |
| Confidential Mailbox | No | No |

* Bluish-white (1397) for the Australia versions
** Only for the Australia versions
*** Only for the U.K., Dutch, and Swedish versions

| Model | FAX-270MC/290MC | MFC370MC | MFC390MC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Color | Black (1395) | White (1138) | White (1138) |
| Modem Speed | 14400 bps | Same as left | Same as left |
| Coding Method | MH |  |  |
| Transmission Speed | 9 sec . |  |  |
| CCITT Group | G3 |  |  |
| Input/Output Width | Max. 216/216 mm |  |  |
| Hold Key | Yes |  |  |
| Automatic Cutter | Yes |  |  |
| ADF Capacity | 10 pages |  |  |
| Anti-curl System | Yes |  |  |
| Roll Paper Size (Standard thermal/Therma PLUS) | 98' (1" Core) |  |  |
| LCD Size | $16 \times 1$ |  |  |
| On-screen Programming | Yes |  |  |
| Memory Capacity | 512 KB |  |  |
| Super Fine | Yes |  |  |
| Smoothing | Yes |  |  |
| Gray Scale (levels) | 64 by Dithered Method |  |  |
| One-touch Dialing | 5 locations |  |  |
| Speed Dialing | 50 |  |  |
| Telephone Index | Yes |  |  |
| Super Telephone Index | No |  |  |
| Speaker Phone | Yes |  |  |
| Fax/Tel Switch | Yes |  |  |
| TAD Interface | Yes |  |  |
| Enlargement/Reduction | No |  |  |
| Enhanced Remote Activation | Yes |  |  |
| Distinctive Ringing (FAX Ability) | Yes |  |  |
| Next-fax Reservation | Yes |  |  |
| Help | Yes, Simple |  |  |
| Caller ID (Caller Display) | Yes |  |  |
| Automatic Redialing | Yes |  |  |
| Auto Reduction | No |  |  |
| Multi-resolution Transmission | Yes |  |  |
| Polling | Yes (No secure polling) |  |  |
| Delayed Transmission | Yes, 3 timers |  |  |
| Delayed Polling | Yes |  |  |
| Coverpage | Yes |  |  |
| Call Reservation | Yes |  |  |
| Call-back Message | Yes |  |  |
| Activity Report | Yes |  |  |
| Auto CNG Detection (New) | Yes |  |  |
| Transmission Verification Report | Yes |  |  |
| ECM | Yes |  |  |
| Broadcasting | Yes |  |  |
| Quick Scanning | Yes |  |  |
| Out-of-paper Reception | Yes, 20 pages |  |  |
| Multi Copy | Yes |  |  |
| Multi Transmission | No |  |  |
| PCI (Missing link) | Yes | Yes, Included | Yes, Included w/OCR |
| Confidential Mailbox | No | Same as left | Same as left |
| Fax Forwarding | Yes |  |  |
| Fax-on-demand | No |  |  |
| Fax Retrieval | Yes |  |  |
| ICM Recording Time | 15 minutes |  |  |
| Memo/2-way Recording | Yes |  |  |
| Page Memory | Yes, 20 pages |  |  |
| Paging | Yes |  |  |
| Personal Fax Mail box (5) | Yes |  |  |
| Personal Voice Mail Box (5) | Yes |  |  |
| Remote Control | Yes |  |  |
| TAD Type | DSP type |  |  |
| Toll Saver | Yes |  |  |
| Voice-on-demand | Yes |  |  |


| Model | FAX-520DT/520MC |
| :---: | :---: |
| Color | Black (1395)/White (1397)* |
| Modem Speed | 14400 bps |
| Coding Method | MH |
| Transmission Speed | 9 sec . |
| CCITT Group | G3 |
| Input/Output Width | Max. 216/216 |
| Hold Key | Yes |
| Automatic Cutter | Yes |
| ADF Capacity | 10 pages |
| Anti-curl System | Yes |
| Roll Paper Size (Standard thermal/Therma PLUS) | 30 m (1" Core) |
| LCD Size | $16 \times 1$ |
| On-screen Programming | Yes |
| Memory Capacity | 512 KB |
| Super Fine | Yes |
| Smoothing | Yes |
| Gray Scale (levels) | 64 by Dithered Method |
| One-touch Dialing | 5 |
| Speed Dialing | 50 locations |
| Telephone Index | Yes |
| Super Telephone Index | Yes, 50 locations |
| Speaker Phone | Yes (only for FAX-520MC) |
| Fax/Tel Switch | Yes |
| TAD Interface | Yes |
| Enlargement/Reduction | No |
| Enhanced Remote Activation | Yes |
| Distinctive Ringing (FaxAbility) | Yes (only for FAX-520MC) |
| Next-fax Reservation | Yes |
| Help | Yes, Simple |
| Caller ID (Caller Display) | Yes for UK/NLD/SWE/NZ |
| Automatic Redialing | Yes |
| Auto Reduction | No |
| Multi-resolution Transmission | Yes |
| Polling | Yes (w/ secure polling) |
| Delayed Transmission | Yes, 3 timers |
| Delayed Polling | Yes |
| Coverpage | Yes |
| Call Reservation | Yes |
| Call-back Message | Yes |
| Activity Report | Yes |
| Auto CNG Detection (New) | Yes |
| Transmission Verification Report | Yes |
| ECM | Yes |
| Broadcasting | Yes |
| Quick Scanning | Yes |
| Out-of-paper Reception | Yes, 20 pages |
| Multi Copy | Yes |
| Multi Transmission | No |
| PCI (Missing link) | Yes |
| Confidential Mailbox | No |
| Power Failure Dialing | Yes for UK/BEL |
| Fax Forwarding | Yes |
| Fax-on-demand | No |
| Fax Retrieval | Yes |
| ICM Recording Time | 15 minutes |
| Memo/2-way Recording | Yes |
| Page Memory | Yes, 20 pages |
| Paging | Yes |
| Personal Fax Mail box (5) | Yes |
| Personal Voice Mail Box (5) | Yes |
| Remote Control | Yes |
| TAD Type | DSP type |
| Toll Saver | Yes |
| Voice-on-demand | Yes |

## CHAPTER II. INSTALLATION

## CHAPTER III. THEORY OF OPERATION

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## 1. OVERVIEW



## 2. MECHANISMS

The equipment is classified into the following mechanisms:

| Transmitting Mechanism | Feeding and scanning documents |
| :--- | :--- |
| Receiving Mechanism | Feeding recording paper and printing data |
| Power Transmission Mechanism | Switching the power transmission route |
| Sensors and Actuators |  |

### 2.1 Transmitting Mechanism (Feeding and scanning documents)

The transmitting mechanism consists of the document stacker, automatic document feeder (ADF), document feeding related rollers, scanner, and document sensors. (For details about the sensors, refer to Section 2.4.)
For the drive power source, refer to Section 2.3.


### 2.1.1 Automatic document feeder (ADF)

If the operator sets documents on the stacker and starts the transmitting operation, the ADF (consisting of the separation roller ASSY and ADF parts) feeds those documents into the equipment, starting from the bottom sheet to the top, page by page. Each document advances to the scanner, and then it is fed out of the equipment with the white pressure roller.

### 2.1.2 Scanner

The scanner uses a contact image sensor (CIS) unit which consists of an LED array illuminating documents, a self-focus lens array collecting the reflected light, a CIS PCB carrying out photoelectric conversion to output picture element data, and a cover glass on which a document advances. When the document passes between the white pressure roller and the cover glass, it is scanned.

### 2.2 Receiving Mechanism (Feeding recording paper and printing data)

The receiving mechanism consists of the recording paper roll holder, anti-curl system (ACS) plate, platen, thermal recording head, automatic cutter, and sensors. (For details about the sensors, refer to Section 2.4.)
The recording paper is routed on the ACS plate to the recording head which prints onto the heat-sensitive recording paper pressed by the platen according to received image signals. The printed paper is further fed through the cutter chute and cut by the automatic cutter page by page.
For the drive power source, refer to Section 2.3.


### 2.2.1 Anti-curl system (ACS)

The ACS eliminates curl peculiar to rolled recording paper by curving the paper towards the opposite side of the curl with the ACS plate.

### 2.2.2 Automatic cutter

The automatic paper cutter consists of an upper blade (rotary) and a lower blade (stationary). As the upper blade rotates around the left end hub, the recording paper will be cut. Upon completion of cutting, the upper blade returns to its home position which is detected by the cutter HP sensor.

### 2.2.3 Recorder

The recorder, which is incorporated in the middle of the machine, consists of the recording head unit, coil spring, and platen. It prints according to received image signals.

### 2.3 Power Transmission Mechanism

The equipment has a single drive motor whose power transmission route can be switched by the planetary gear train and the solenoid. This switching allows the equipment to function in four operation modes (recording, scanning, copying, and cutter driving modes).

### 2.3.1 Structure of the gear train

The gear train consists of two groups of gears: one group on the drive unit and the other on the scanner frame ASSY. Mounting the drive unit onto the scanner frame ASSY makes those two groups of gears engage with each other so that the rotation torque of the motor on the drive unit is transmitted to the separation roller, white pressure roller, and platen.

Shown below are a group of gears, the motor and solenoid on the drive unit. The cutter gear $(Q)$ is integrated in the cutter flange (R) whose boss is placed in the hole provided in the cutter's upper blade.


Drive Unit (viewed from the motor mounting side)

Shown below is a group of gears on the scanner frame ASSY.


Scanner Frame ASSY

Shown below is a gear train constructed by combining the drive unit and scanner frame ASSY. The motor rotation is transmitted via the planet gear 20B (C1) to the gear 16 (D) and via the gear 16/24 (K) to the separation roller gear (L).


## Combination of Drive Unit and Scanner Frame ASSY

### 2.3.2 Description of planetary gear system

The planetary gear train consists of the sun gear 18/82, two planet gears 20, arm A, and arm B , as shown below.


## Planetary Gear System

If the motor rotates, the sun gear 18/82 rotates so that the rotational torque is transmitted to the engagement between the sun gear and the planet gears 20. Since the arms and planet gears are so designed that the moment of the arms is less than that of the planet gears, the arms turn around the center shaft in the same direction as the sun gear 18/82.
If the planet gear(s) becomes engaged with any other gear so that the arm cannot turn any more, the rotational torque of the sun gear 18/82 is transmitted to that planet gear. Accordingly, the planet gear starts rotation in the opposite direction of the sun gear 18/82.

### 2.3.3 Power transmission for four operation modes

Depending upon the solenoid ON/OFF state and the motor rotation direction, the planetary gear train switches the power transmission route for the four operation modes.

Solenoid ON/OFF state
Solenoid: OFF

## Motor rotation direction



Solenoid: ON


## [1] Recording mode (Solenoid: OFF, Motor rotation: Forward)

In the recording mode, the control electronics deactivates the solenoid. When the motor rotates in the forward direction, the clutch arm turns clockwise with the spring and its cutout $\otimes$ becomes engaged with the stopper of arm A. Once arm A is locked, the planet gear 20A (C2) will not be engaged with any other gear but simply idle.
The motor rotation turns the sun gear 18/82 (B) counterclockwise so that the planet gear 20B $(\mathrm{C} 1)$ transmits the rotation via the gears $D$ through $G$ to the platen gear (H).


Arm A Locked by Cutout $\otimes$ of Clutch Arm


Active Gears on the Drive Unit


Active Gears on the Scanner Frame ASSY
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## [ 2 ] Scanning mode (Solenoid: OFF, Motor rotation: Reverse)

Just as in the recording mode, the control electronics deactivates the solenoid in the scanning mode to lock arm A.

The motor rotates in the reverse direction and the sun gear 18/82 (B) rotates clockwise so that the planet gear 20B (C1) transmits the rotation to the separation roller gear (L) and white pressure roller gear $(\mathrm{O})$ via the several gears.


Arm A Locked by Cutout $\otimes$ ) of Clutch Arm


Active Gears on the Drive Unit


Active Gears on the Scanner Frame ASSY

## [ 3 ] Copying mode (Solenoid: ON $\rightarrow$ OFF, Motor rotation: Forward)

The control electronics at first activates the solenoid to release the stopper of arm A from the cutout $\otimes$ of the clutch arm while rotating the motor in the forward direction. Accordingly, the sun gear 18/82 (B) rotates counterclockwise so that both the planet gears 20B (C1) and 20A $(\mathrm{C} 2)$ transmit the rotation; C 1 rotation to the platen gear $(\mathrm{H})$ and C 2 rotation to the separation roller gear (L) and white pressure roller gear (O).

Once the planet gear 20A (C2) becomes engaged with gear K, the control electronics deactivates the solenoid.


Arm A Released from Cutout $\otimes$ of Clutch Arm


Active Gears on the Drive Unit


Active Gears on the Scanner Frame ASSY

## [ 4 ] Cutter driving mode (Solenoid: ON, Motor rotation: Reverse)

The control electronics activates the solenoid to release the stopper of arm A from the clutch arm. When the motor rotates in the reverse direction, the sun gear 18/82 (B) rotates clockwise so that the planet gear 20A (C2) transmits the rotation to the cutter gear (Q) via gear P.
Since the planet gear 20B (C1) is blocked by the section $\odot$ of the clutch arm, it is merely idle without engaging with any other gear.


Arm B Blocked by Section © of Clutch Arm


Active Gears on the Drive Unit


Active Gears on the Scanner Frame ASSY

The cutter gear $(Q)$ is a two-stepped gear whose inside gear is a one-tooth sector gear. While the cutter gear $(\mathrm{Q})$ rotates by one turn for one stroke of the upper blade of the cutter, the one-tooth sector gear slightly turns the platen gear $(\mathrm{H})$ clockwise via the reverse gear (I) to feed the recording paper back into the equipment. This prevents the upper blade of the cutter from scratching the leading edge of the remaining paper.


### 2.3.4 Power transmission route

Rotation of the motor gear is transmitted as shown below.

$\underline{\text { Gears on the Drive Unit }}$


Gears on the Scanner Frame ASSY
[1] Recording Mode (Solenoid: OFF, Motor rotation: forward)

$$
\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~B} \varliminf_{\mathrm{C} 2 \text { (idling) }} \mathrm{C} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{E} \rightarrow \mathrm{~F} \rightarrow \mathrm{G} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}
$$

[2] Scanning Mode (Solenoid: OFF, Motor rotation: reverse)

$$
\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~B} \not \sum_{\mathrm{C} 1 \rightarrow \mathrm{~J} \rightarrow \mathrm{~K} \rightarrow \mathrm{~L} \rightarrow \mathrm{M} \rightarrow \mathrm{~N} \rightarrow \mathrm{O}}^{\mathrm{C} \text { (idling) }} \mathrm{C}
$$

[3] Copying Mode (Solenoid: ON $\rightarrow$ OFF, Motor rotation: forward)

$$
\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~B}<\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{C} 1 \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{E} \rightarrow \mathrm{~F} \rightarrow \mathrm{G} \rightarrow \mathrm{H} \\
& \mathrm{C} 2 \rightarrow \mathrm{~K} \rightarrow \mathrm{~L} \rightarrow \mathrm{M} \rightarrow \mathrm{~N} \rightarrow \mathrm{O}
\end{aligned}
$$

[4] Cutter Driving Mode (Solenoid: ON, Motor rotation: reverse)
$A \rightarrow B$
C 1 (idling)
$<$
$C 2 \rightarrow P \rightarrow Q$
$(\rightarrow I \rightarrow G \rightarrow H)$
(Reverse-feeds recording paper)

### 2.4 Sensors and Actuators

This equipment has two photosensors and four mechanical switches as described below.

| Sensor name | Type | Located on |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Document front sensor | Photosensor (PH1) | Main PCB |
| Document rear sensor | Photosensor (PH2) | Main PCB |
| Paper empty (PE) sensor | Mechanical switch (SW1) | Main PCB |
| Cover sensor | Mechanical switch (SW2) | Main PCB |
| Hook switch sensor* | Mechanical switch (SW3) | Main PCB |
| Cutter home position (HP) sensor | Mechanical switch | Drive unit |

(*In those versions equipped with a Binatone handset, the hook switch sensor serves no function.)

- Document front sensor which detects the presence of documents.
- Document rear sensor which detects the leading and trailing edges of pages to tell the control circuitry when the leading edge of a new page has reached the starting position and when the scan for that page is over.
These photosensors are of a reflection type consisting of a light-emitting diode and a lightsensitive transistor. Each of them has an actuator separately arranged (see the next page). When an actuator is not activated, its white end lies in the path of light issued from the lightemitting diode and reflects its light into the light-sensitive transistor. If a document is fed in so as to activate the actuator, the actuator's white end goes out of the light path. With no reflected light to go into the light-sensitive transistor, the sensor detects the presence of documents.
- PE sensor which detects when the recording paper runs out.
- Cover sensor which detects whether the control panel is closed.
- Hook switch sensor which detects whether the handset is placed on the handset mount.
- Cutter HP sensor which detects the home position of the upper rotary blade of the automatic cutter.

Each of these four sensors has an actuator separately arranged (see the next page). If an actuator is activated, its lower end releases or pushes down the lever provided on the corresponding sensor so that the sensor signals the detection.


## Photosensor



## Location of Sensors and Actuators

## 3. CONTROL ELECTRONICS

### 3.1 Configuration

The hardware configuration of the facsimile equipment is shown below.

*1 On the main PCB are these sensors:

- PE sensor (SW1)
- Cover sensor (SW2)
- Hook switch sensor (SW3) (This sensor serves no function in those versions equipped with a Binatone handset.)
- Document front sensor (PH1)
- Document rear sensor (PH2)
*2 On the drive unit is the cutter HP sensor.


### 3.2 Main PCB

The main PCB, which is the nucleus controlling the entire operation of the equipment, consists of a FAX engine (ASIC), memories, MODEM, motor drive circuitry, sensor detection circuitry, and analog circuits for scanning, recording, and power transmission shifting.


E²PROM: Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-only Memory
PSRAM: Pseudo Static Random Access Memory


Main PCB Circuit Diagram 1/4
(1) SW3, hook switch sensor (microswitch) (This sensor serves no function in those versions equipped with a Binatone handset.)
(2) SW2, cover switch sensor (microswitch)
(3) SW1, paper empty sensor (microswitch)
(4) Reset IC which turns on at the powering-on sequence and at any of the reset operations.
(5) Connector for the control panel
(6) FAX engine (ASIC) which integrates a CPU, digital portion of a MODEM and gate array for managing the I/Os, memories, and drivers.
(7) XT2, oscillator which oscillates at 16 MHz for the CPU.
(8) XT1, oscillator which oscillates at 32.768 kHz for the calendar clock.
(9) XT 3 , oscillator which oscillates at 20.736 MHz for the MODEM.
(10) Connector for the cutter HP sensor
(11) Backup circuit for the calendar clock of the control panel


Main PCB Circuit Diagram 2/4
(1) $E^{2}$ PROM (16k $\times 1$ bit in the European versions, $8 \mathrm{k} \times 1$ bit in other versions)
(2) ROM (128k $x 8$ bits. Note that the qualification machines for demonstration have a 2 megabit ROM.)
(3) PSRAM ( $32 \mathrm{k} \times 8$ bits)
(4) Not mounted.


## Main PCB Circuit Diagram 3/4

(1) Connector for the CIS
(1)-1: Power for the CIS LED array
(1)-2: Clock output
(1)-3: Trigger signal output. One shot of this signal triggers a line of scan.
(1)-4: LED control signal output circuit which controls the intensity of the CIS LED array.
(1)-5: Input of video data (VID) to the FAX engine
(1)-6: Clamp circuit that gives the bias level to the amplifier of the VID input circuit according to the CLAMP and CLPWM signals issued by the CPU (that monitors the current video data input) for compensating the DC component of video signals for the next scan line
(2) Connector for the thermal recording head
(2)-1: Power 26V for the thermal recording head
(2)-2: Thermister signals which are normalized by the resistor network and fed to the FAX engine
(2)-3: Strobe signals
(2)-4: Data signals
(2)-5: Power 5V for the logic circuit of the thermal recording head
(3) Connector for the motor
(4) Connector for the solenoid (that switches the power transmission)
(5) Transistor array which consists of seven transistors
(5)-1: Transistors that control the rotation direction of the motor according to the MM4 through MM1 signals.
(5)-2: Transistor that turns on and off the solenoid.

The combination of the solenoid state and the motor rotation direction determines to which the motor torque should be transmitted, the cutter, the document feeding mechanism, or the paper feeding mechanism.
(5)-3: Transistor that turns on and off the CR1 relay for switching on and off the +26 V power source to the thermal recording head.
(5)-4: Transistor that turns on and off the CML relay.
(6) Document front and rear sensor circuitry that is active only while the SEON signal is on.

The LEDs for the sensors are driven by the +26V source.
(6)-1: PH 2 , document rear sensor
(6)-2: PH1, document front sensor


## Main PCB Circuit Diagram 4/4

(1) Connector for the power supply PCB
(1)-1: CR1, recording head on/off relay
(2) 3-terminal regulator which eliminates unstabilized components of the +8 V source to generate stabilized 5V source.
(3) Connector for the NCU
(3)-1: Power for the NCU
(3)-2: Signals from the telephone
(4) Analog signal selectors
(4)-1: Selects either input signals from the handset or those from the MODEM.
(4)-2: Selects either RL1 or RL2 signals inputted from the communications network.
(4)-3: Selects either sound signals (e.g., alarm beeps, key clicks and ringer sounds) generated by the FAX engine or signals selected by (4)-2.
(5) Amplifier circuit for signals outputted from the MODEM.
(6) Analog front end IC which processes the analog I/O signals from/to the MODEM.
(7) Amplifier \& shaper circuit for signals inputted from the communications network.
(8) Telephone circuit for transmitting signals.
(9) Speaker amplifier circuit which amplifies sounds issued from the above analog signal selector (4)-3 and feeds them to the speaker.
(10) Connector for the speaker
(17) Speaker volume control circuit

| (11)-1: VOL1 | OFF | ON | ON |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (11)-2: VOL2 | OFF | OFF | ON |
| Speaker volume | High | Medium | Low |



## Main PCB Circuit Diagram 1/5

(1) SW1, hook switch sensor (microswitch)
(2) SW2, cover switch sensor (microswitch)
(3) SW3, paper empty sensor (microswitch)
(4) Reset IC which turns on at the powering-on sequence and at any of the reset operations.
(5) Connector for the control panel
(6) FAX engine (ASIC) which integrates a CPU, digital portion of a MODEM and gate array for managing the I/Os, memories, and drivers.
(7) XT2, oscillator which oscillates at 16 MHz for the CPU.
(8) XT 1 , oscillator which oscillates at 32.768 kHz for the calendar clock.
(9) XT3, oscillator which oscillates at 57.6 MHz for the MODEM.
(10) Connector for the cutter HP sensor


Main PCB Circuit Diagram 2/5
(1) $E^{2}$ PROM ( $16 \mathrm{k} \times 1$ bit)
(2) ROM ( $256 \mathrm{k} \times 8$ bits. Note that the qualification machines for demonstration have a 2 megabit ROM.)
(3) DRAM ( $512 \mathrm{k} \times 8$ bits)
(4) Backup circuit for the calendar clock of the control panel and DRAM.


## Main PCB Circuit Diagram 3/5

(1) Connector for the CIS
(1)-1: Power for the CIS LED array
(1)-2: Clock output
(1)-3: Trigger signal output. One shot of this signal triggers a line of scan.
(1)-4: LED control signal output circuit which controls the intensity of the CIS LED array.
(1)-5: Input of video data (VID) to the FAX engine
(1)-6: Clamp circuit that gives the bias level to the amplifier of the VID input circuit according to the CLAMP and CLPWM signals issued by the CPU (that monitors the current video data input) for compensating the DC component of video signals for the next scan line
(2) Connector for the thermal recording head
(2)-1: Power 26V for the thermal recording head
(2)-2: Thermister signals which are normalized by the resistor network and fed to the FAX engine
(2)-3: Strobe signals
(2)-4: Data signals
(2)-5: Power 5V for the logic circuit of the thermal recording head
(3) Connector for the motor
(4) Connector for the solenoid (that switches the power transmission)
(5) Transistor array which consists of seven transistors
(5)-1: Transistors that control the rotation direction of the motor according to the MM4 through MM1 signals.
(5)-2: Transistor that turns on and off the solenoid.

The combination of the solenoid state and the motor rotation direction determines to which the motor torque should be transmitted, the cutter, the document feeding mechanism, or the paper feeding mechanism.
(5)-3: Transistor that turns on and off the CR1 relay for switching on and off the +26 V power source to the thermal recording head.
(5)-4: Transistor that turns on and off the CML relay.
(6) Document front and rear sensor circuitry that is active only while the SEON signal is on.

The LEDs for the sensors are driven by the +26 V source.
(6)-1: PH1, document rear sensor
(6)-2: PH 2 , document front sensor


## Main PCB Circuit Diagram 4/5

(1) Connector for the power supply PCB
(1)-1: CR1, recording head on/off relay
(2) 3-terminal regulator which eliminates unstabilized components of the +9 V source to generate stabilized 5V source.
(3) Connector for the NCU
(3)-1: Power for the NCU
(3)-2: Signals to the telephone
(3)-3: Signals from the telephone
(4) Analog signal selectors
(4)-1: Selects either input signals from the handset or those from the MODEM.
(4)-2: Selects either RL1 or RL2 signals inputted from the communications network.
(4)-3: Selects sound signals (e.g., alarm beeps, key clicks and ringer sounds) generated by the FAX engine, hands-free monitor signals, or voice playback signals.
(5) Analog signal selectors
(5)-1 Selects either signals gated by (4)-2 or voice signals coming from the handset.
(5)-2 Selects either signals gated by (4)-2 or voice playback signals.
(5)-3 Selects either signals gated by (4)-2 or hands-free monitor signals.
(6) Amplifier circuit for signals outputted from the MODEM
(7) Analog front end IC which processes the analog I/O signals from/to the MODEM.
(8) Amplifier \& shaper circuit for signals inputted from the communications network.
(9) Telephone circuit for transmitting signals.
(10) Speaker amplifier circuit which amplifies sounds issued from the above analog signal selector (4)-3 and feeds them to the speaker.
(11) Connector for the speaker
(12) Speaker volume control circuit

| (12)-1: VOL1 | OFF | ON | ON |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (12-2: VOL2 | OFF | OFF | ON |
| (12-3: VOL3 | OFF | OFF | ON |
| Speaker volume | High | Medium | Low |

(ON: Closed OFF: Opened)


## Main PCB Circuit Diagram 5/5

(1) Microphone connector
(2) Amplifier and shaper circuit for signals inputted from the microphone.
(3) Analog front end IC which processes the analog I/O signals from/to the MODEM.
(4) Amplifier circuit for signals outputted from the MODEM.

### 3.3 NCU PCB

The NCU PCB switches the communications line to telephone or built-in MODEM, under the control of the main PCB.

## FAX-170/190/510/HOME FAX



## NCU PCB Circuit Diagram (U.S.A. versions)

(1) Surge absorber
(2) Line relay (CML relay)
(3) Line transformer
(4) Circuit related to the line transformer
(5) High-impedance transformer circuit
(6) Calling signal detector
(7) Loop current detector
(8) Dial pulse generator
(9) Telephone circuit
(10) Reference voltage generation circuit for the operational amplifier in (4)


## NCU PCB Circuit Diagram (U.S.A. versions)

(1) Surge absorber
(2) Line relay (CML relay)
(3) Line transformer
(4) Circuit related to the line transformer
(5) High-impedance transformer circuit
(6) Calling signal detector
(7) Loop current detector
(8) Dial pulse generator
(9) Telephone circuit
(10) Reference voltage generation circuit for the operational amplifiers in (4) and (9).
(11) Noise filters


## NCU PCB Circuit Diagram (European versions)

(1) Surge absorber
(2) Noise filters
(3) Line relay (CML relay)
(4) Line transformer
(5) Circuit related to the line transformer
(6) High-impedance transformer circuit
(7) Calling signal detector
(8) Loop current detector
(9) Dial pulse generator \& DC current loop circuit
(10) Telephone circuit
(11) Reference voltage generation circuit for the operational amplifier in (5).
(12) Pulse shaper
(13) Line current detection input circuit

### 3.4 Control Panel PCB

The control panel PCB and the main PCB communicate with each other by serially transmitting commands and data.
The control panel unit consists of a gate array and LCD, which are controlled by the gate array according to commands issued from the FAX engine on the main PCB.
The calendar clock is backed up by the backup circuit on the main PCB.
The panel FPC is a flexible keyboard PCB which integrates the key matrix having rubber keytops.


### 3.5 Power Supply PCB

The power supply uses the switching regulation system to generate DC power (+26.6V and +8 V ) from a commercial AC power supply.
The +26.6 V source is stabilized and fed to the motor and solenoid for feeding documents and recording paper or activating the automatic cutter, and also fed to the CIS LED array. It is also fed to the main PCB where the H 26.6 V source is generated. The H26.6V source outputs 26.6 V only when the H 26.6 V ON/OFF control signal is High, for driving the recording head.
The +8 V source is not stabilized and fed to the speaker. It is also fed to the main PCB where the 3-terminal regulator eliminates unstabilized components of the +8 V source to generate stabilized +5 V source. The +5 V source is fed to the logic, control panel, and sensors.


## Power Supply Circuit

## CHAPTERIV.

## DISASSEMBLY/REASSEMBLY AND LUBRICATION

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2. LUBRICATION ..... IV-34

## 1. DISASSEMBLY/REASSEMBLY

## Safety Precautions

To prevent the creation of secondary problems by mishandling, observe the following precautions during maintenance work.
(1) Always turn off the power before replacing parts or units. When having access to the power supply, be sure to unplug the power cord from the power outlet.
(2) Be careful not to lose screws, washers, or other parts removed for parts replacement.
(3) When using soldering irons and other heat-generating tools, take care not to damage the resin parts such as wires, PCBs, and covers.
(4) Before handling the PCBs, touch a metal portion of the equipment to discharge static electricity; otherwise, the electronic parts may be damaged due to the electricity charged in your body.
(5) When transporting PCBs, be sure to wrap them in conductive sheets such as aluminum foil.
(6) Be sure to reinsert self-tapping screws correctly, if removed.
(7) Tighten screws to the torque values listed on the next page.
(8) When connecting or disconnecting cable connectors, hold the connector bodies not the cables. If the connector has a lock, always slide the connector lock to unlock it.
(9) Before reassembly, apply the specified lubricant to the specified points. (Refer to Section 2 in this chapter.)
(10) After repairs, check not only the repaired portion but also that the connectors and other related portions function properly before operation checks.

## Tightening Torque List

| Location | Screw type | Q'ty | Tightening torque (kgf•cm) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Recording paper cover | Taptite, cup B M3x8 | 2 | $5 \pm 2$ |
| Panel rear cover | Taptite, cup B M3x8 | 4 | $5 \pm 2$ |
| Scanner frame ASSY | Taptite, cup B M3x8 | 2 | $5 \pm 2$ |
| Drive unit | Taptite, cup S M3x6 | 3 | $7 \pm 2$ |
|  | Taptite, cup S M3x8 | 1 | $7 \pm 2$ |
| Motor | Taptite, cup S M3x6 | 1 | $6 \pm 2$ |
| Cutter HP sensor | Taptite, pan B M1.6x8 | 1 | $1 \pm 0.5$ |
| Recorder \& cutter unit | Taptite, cup S M3x8 | 1 | $7 \pm 2$ |
| Bottom plate | Taptite, cup B M3x8 | 4 | $5 \pm 2$ |
| Grounding wire | Screw, pan (washer) 4x6DB | 1 | $7 \pm 2$ |

## Preparation

Prior to proceeding to the disassembly procedure,
(1) Unplug

- the modular jack of the telephone line,
- the modular jack of the curled cord (and remove the handset),
- the BT modular jack adapter if mounted, and
- the modular jack of an external telephone set if mounted. (Not shown below.)
(2) Remove
- the document support.


How to Access the Object Component

- On the next page is a disassembly order flow which helps you access the object component. To remove the recording head, for example, first find it on the flow and learn its number (14) in this case). You should remove parts numbered (1) through (4), (6), (8), (11), (12), and (13) so as to access the recording head.
- Unless otherwise specified, the disassembled parts or components should be reassembled in the reverse order of removal.

Disassembly Order Flow


### 1.1 ACS Plate

(1) Open the control panel ASSY.
(2) Push down the locking pawl of the main frame with the tip of a flat screwdriver and move the ACS plate to the left.


## Reassembling Notes

- When installing the ACS plate, first fit hole "X" at the left end of the ACS plate over the left-hand boss provided on the main frame and then fit hole " $Y$ " at the right end over the right-hand boss.


### 1.2 ROM Cover and Battery ASSY*

(1) Insert the tip of the spring hook at the center or left half of the locking arm as shown below, then lift up the hook to release and move the ROM cover to the right.
(2) For the FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/MFC370MC/390MC: Slightly lift up the ROM cover and disconnect the battery harness from the main PCB, then take out the ROM cover together with the battery ASSY.
(3) For the FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/MFC370MC/390MC: Remove the battery ASSY from the ROM cover

(FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/ MFC370MC/390MC)
(4) For the FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/MFC370MC/390MC: To take out the main PCB or the power supply PCB in Section 1.18, unhook the battery harness core and cutter HP sensor harness core from bosses "C" and "D," respectively, at this stage.

Boss "C"


### 1.3 Inner Cover

(1) Swing the recording head release lever (blue lever) up to the head release position.
(2) While lifting up the inner cover slightly, release the four latches with the tip of a flat screwdriver in the order (① to (4)) shown below.


## - Reassembling Notes

- Before installing the inner cover, swing the recording head release lever up for greater ease.
- Fit the pawls "P" of the inner cover into the square hole provided in the left rear corner of the main frame and then push the inner cover down into place.


### 1.4 Control Panel ASSY

(1) Disconnect the main-panel harness and the main-mike harness* from the main PCB, and then take out those harnesses from the groove of the main frame.
(2) Slightly bring the control panel ASSY back up towards you so that you can release the panel lock arm from the boss of the main frame. Pull out the panel lock arm to the left and fully open the control panel ASSY.

* The main-mike harness is provided on the FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/ MFC370MC/390MC.

(FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/ MFC370MC/390MC)
(3) Push the control panel ASSY back and remove it.


## Control panel ASSY



## Reassembling Notes

- Make sure that the main-panel harness and main-mike harness* are routed through the groove provided on the recording paper cover and are kept in place with the panel lock arm, as illustrated on page IV-13.


### 1.5 Recording Paper Cover, Panel Rear Cover, Control Panel and Microphone*

(1) Place the control panel ASSY upside down.
(2) Turn the panel lock arm until the cutout provided in it becomes aligned with the boss of the arm support, then pull it out to the left.
(3) Remove the two screws "a" from the recording paper cover and lift up the rear edge of the cover.
(4) Remove the ADF parts (ADF film, separator and leaf spring), using the spring hook and a flat screwdriver. Once removed, they will become unusable and new parts should have to be put back in.
(5) Remove the four screws "b" from the panel rear cover, then unhook the latch " L " and lift up the cover.
(6) For the FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/MFC370MC/390MC: Remove the two screws "c" from the control panel PCB.
Unlock the LCD cable connector and disconnect the LCD flat cable to take out the control panel PCB and the FPC key.
(7) To separate the FPC key from the control panel PCB, unlock the FPC key connector and disconnect the FPC key.

(8) For the FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/MFC370MC/390MC: Take out the microphone* and its harness* from the control panel.


* Provided on the FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/ MFC370MC/390MC.
(9) To take out the LCD, remove the control panel PCB and the FPC key in step (6). As shown below, insert the tip of a flat screwdriver under clamp " D " in the direction of arrow F and push up clamp "D" slightly to release the LCD from clamp "C." In the same way, insert the screwdriver under clamp "A" to release the LCD from clamp "B."

Then push out the LCD with your fingers in the direction of arrow R.


## Reassembling Notes

- To put the LCD back into place, insert the tip of a flat screwdriver under clamp "D" (see the above illustration) in the direction of arrow R, push up clamp "D" slightly, and then put the right edge of the LCD under clamp "D." In the same way, insert the screwdriver under clamp " $A$ " to put the left edge of the LCD under clamp "A."

Then push the LCD into place with your fingers in the direction of arrow $F$.

- When installing the LCD, take care not to scratch or damage the cover sheet. Replace it if scratched or damaged.
- A new LCD is covered with a protection sheet. Before installing it, remove the protection sheet.
- When setting the recording paper cover on the control panel, first insert the right and left front corners under sections " $X$ " of the control panel and put the cover into place. Make sure that the main-panel harness and main-mike harness* are routed as shown below.

- After securing the recording paper cover with the screws, be sure to route the main-panel harness and the main-mike harness* through the groove provided on the recording paper cover and then set the panel lock arm to keep those harnesses in place, as illustrated below.



### 1.6 Scanner Frame ASSY

(1) Be sure to swing the recording head release lever (blue lever) down to the front position.
(2) Remove the two screws.
(3) Slightly lift up the rear edge of the scanner frame ASSY and disconnect the following five harnesses from the main PCB:

- Cutter home position (HP) sensor harness (2-pin)
- CIS harness (7-pin)
- Recording head harness (12-pin)
- Solenoid harness (2-pin)
- Motor harness (6-pin)
(4) Lift up the scanner frame ASSY from the rear and take it out from the main frame.

NOTE: Do not hold the lower paper chute but the upper paper chute. The lower paper chute is easily deformed.

## FAX-170/190/510/HOME FAX

Upper paper chute (Hold here.)



## FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/MFC370MC/390MC


(5) Lift up the ACS grounding spring.

## Reassembling Notes

- Before putting the scanner frame ASSY back onto the main frame, be sure to set the ACS grounding spring as illustrated on the previous page.
- Make sure that tabs "A" of the scanner frame ASSY are fitted in cutouts "B" provided in the main frame. (See the illustration on the previous page.)
- For the FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/MFC370MC/390MC: After putting the scanner frame ASSY back onto the main frame, route the harnesses and arrange the cores as follows, referring to the illustration below.
- Hook the power supply harness core on boss "C."
- Check that the cutter HP sensor harness runs through a core, and then hook the core on boss "D."
- Push the CIS harness core and the recording head harness core into position, to the left of rib "E" and behind relay "F."
- Route all these harnesses under boss "D."

If any of these harnesses and cores are out of the specified position, the scanner frame ASSY or ROM cover may not be put back into place.

- For the FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/MFC370MC/390MC: After connecting these harnesses, check that neither the electrolytic capacitor nor resistors are tilted towards the PE sensor actuator. If tilted, they may interfere with normal operation of the sensor actuator.

(FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/MFC370MC/390MC)


### 1.7 White Pressure Roller and CIS Unit

(1) Turn the bushing of the white pressure roller clockwise approx. $90^{\circ}$ and pull it out to the right.
(2) Lift up the left end of the white pressure roller and push it to the right.

(3) Unhook the two springs, using the spring hook.
(4) Slightly lift up the CIS unit and disconnect the CIS harness. The CIS support also comes off.


## Reassembling Notes

- Before putting the white pressure roller back into place, wipe it with an alcohol-dampened cloth.
- When replacing the CIS unit, remove the CIS holders (secured with screws) from the old CIS unit and install them to a new CIS unit.


### 1.8 Drive Unit (Main Motor and Cutter HP Sensor)

(1) Turn the scanner frame ASSY upside down.
(2) Remove the adhesive tape to release the CIS harness, motor harness, solenoid harness, and cutter HP sensor harness.

(3) Place the scanner frame ASSY rightside up.
(4) Remove the four screws.
(5) Fully turn the cutter flange clockwise. Hold the drive unit with your left hand and then slightly separate its rear edge from the scanner frame ASSY in the direction of arrow " X " in order to release the boss of the cutter flange from the upper blade.

(6) After releasing the boss of the cutter flange from the upper blade, turn the upper blade clockwise as shown below and take the drive unit off from the scanner frame ASSY.

(7) To take out the motor, remove the screw, lightly press the locking arm and turn the motor counterclockwise. The motor bracket also comes off.

(8) To take out the cutter HP sensor, remove the screw.


## Reassembling Notes

- When installing the motor bracket, fit the two holes "a" over the positioning bosses provided on the drive unit.
- Make sure that the locking arm clamps the motor.
- When installing the drive unit to the scanner frame ASSY, hold the resin part of the drive unit, taking care not to grip the solenoid spring. Fully turn the cutter flange clockwise and turn the upper blade to the angle shown below, and then fit the boss of the cutter flange into the hole of the upper blade.



### 1.9 Separation Roller ASSY

(1) Push down the latch with the tip of a flat screwdriver and move the separation roller ASSY to the left. Then remove the roller to the right and pull out the roller shaft to the left.


### 1.10 Document Front and Rear Sensor Actuators

(1) Turn the document front sensor actuator as shown below and move it to the left (viewed from the rear).

(2) Turn the document rear sensor actuator as shown below and move it to the right (viewed from the front).


### 1.11 Recording Head Release Lever

(1) Place the scanner frame ASSY upside down.
(2) Swing the recording head release lever as shown below.
(3) Release the latch and remove the recording head release lever.


### 1.12 Recorder \& Cutter ASSY

(1) Place the scanner frame ASSY upside down.
(2) Remove the screw.
(3) Press the warped sections of the scanner frame ASSY outwards at both sides with the tip of a flat screwdriver and take out the recorder \& cutter ASSY.


### 1.13 Cutter Chute and Platen

(1) Press the two latches of the cutter chute inwards to release and then lift up the cutter chute straight, taking care not to let it catch on other parts.

(2) Release the latch of the bushing (R) and pull out the bushing to the right.
(3) Pull out the platen gear to the left together with the platen and then lift up.


### 1.14 Recording Head and Cutter Unit

(1) Push down the front edge of the recording head and move it back to the rear to release the tabs from the cutter unit.
NOTE: Take care not to lose the three springs placed under the recording head
NOTE: Never disassemble the cutter unit.


## Reassembling Notes

- When installing the recording head, make sure that the three springs are set on the bosses of the cutter unit.
- Make sure the recording head harness goes through the cutout provided in the cutter unit.
- It is recommended that you install the platen right after putting the recording head back into place. If not secured by the platen, the recording head could easily come out with any impact.
1.15 Hook Switch Sensor Actuator (Not provided on those versions equipped with a Binatone handset.)
(1) Press the lower section of the hook switch sensor actuator to the left to release the latch from the main frame, then swing it upwards.
(2) Remove the spring.



### 1.16 Speaker

(1) Disconnect the speaker harness from the main PCB.
(2) Lift up the speaker.


### 1.17 Bottom Plate

(1) Place the main frame upside down.
(2) Remove the four screws.
(3) Slightly lift up the bottom plate and disconnect the grounding terminal.


## Reassembling Notes

- Before putting the bottom plate back into place, make sure that the power supply PCB is completely fitted in the resin PCB supports without any gap.
After installing the bottom plate, check that resin PCB support "b" of the main frame appears from the checking hole "a" provided in the bottom plate and that the bottom plate is fitted in the main frame without any gap.
If the power supply PCB comes into contact with the bottom plate, a short circuit may occur.


### 1.18 Main PCB, NCU PCB and Power Supply PCB

If you have already removed the scanner frame ASSY and speaker, slightly lift up the main PCB together with the NCU PCB and then disconnect the power supply harness from the main PCB. If the scanner frame ASSY and speaker are not yet removed, follow the steps below:

## FAX-170/190/510/HOME FAX

(1) Slightly lift up the rear edge of the NCU PCB and disconnect it from the main PCB.
(2) Slightly lift up the rear edge of the main PCB and disconnect the following harnesses from the main PCB:

- Main-panel harness (5-pin)
- Cutter home position (HP) sensor harness (2-pin)
- CIS harness (7-pin)
- Recording head harness (12-pin)
- Solenoid harness (2-pin)
- Motor harness (6-pin)
- Speaker harness (2-pin)
- Power supply harness (6-pin)
(3) Lift up the power supply PCB.



## FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/MFC370MC/390MC

(1) Slightly lift up the rear edge of the NCU PCB and disconnect it from the main PCB.

(2) Attempt to lift up the main PCB slightly. If it is impossible to lift up the PCB to an extent which allows you to disconnect the harnesses, you may not have unhooked the power supply harness core or cutter HP sensor harness core from bosses "C" or "D," respectively. Remove the ROM cover (refer to Section 1.2) and unhook those cores from bosses "C" and "D" illustrated below.

Boss "C"
(Unhook the power supply
Power supply harnes
Cutter HP sensor


Boss "D"
(Unhook the cutter HP sensor harness core from here.)

Solenoid harness
harness

(3) Slightly lift up the rear edge of the main PCB and disconnect the following harnesses from the main PCB:

- Cutter home position (HP) sensor harness (2-pin)
- Main-panel harness (5-pin)
- Main-mike harness (2-pin)
- Speaker harness (2-pin)
- Motor harness (6-pin)
- Power supply harness (6-pin)
- Solenoid harness (2-pin)
- Recording head harness (12-pin)
- CIS harness (7-pin)
(4) Lift up the power supply PCB.


## Reassembling Notes

- Make sure that the power supply PCB is completely fitted in the resin PCB supports of the main frame. If it is loosely mounted so that it comes into contact with the bottom plate, a short circuit may occur.
- For the FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/MFC370MC/390MC: After putting the scanner frame ASSY back onto the main frame, route the harnesses and arrange the cores as follows, referring to the illustration given on the previous page.
- Hook the power supply harness core on boss "C."
- Check that the cutter HP sensor harness runs through a core, and then hook the core on boss "D."
- Push the CIS harness core and the recording head harness core to the left of rib "E" and behind relay "F."
- Route all these harnesses under boss "D."

If any of these harnesses and cores are out of the specified position, the scanner frame ASSY or ROM cover may not be put back into place.

- For the FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC/MFC370MC/390MC: After connecting these harnesses, check that neither the electrolytic capacitor nor resistors are tilted towards the PE sensor actuator. If tilted, they may interfere with normal operation of the sensor actuator.


### 1.19 Paper Empty Sensor Actuator

(1) Press the actuator support outwards and lift up the paper empty sensor actuator. The spring also comes off.


## 2. LUBRICATION

Apply Molykote EM-30L to the lubrication points as illustrated below.
For points (A), apply a rice-sized pinch of grease ( $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{3}$ ).
For points (B), apply a bean-sized pinch of grease (12 mm ${ }^{3}$ ).

## [ 1] Scanner frame ASSY



## [2] Drive unit


[3] Recording head


## [4] Cutter unit



## CHAPTER V. MAINTENANCE MODE

## CONTENTS

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## 1. ENTRY INTO THE MAINTENANCE MODE

To make the facsimile equipment enter the maintenance mode, press the Function, ${ }^{*}, 2,8,6$, and 4 keys in this order.
$\longleftarrow \quad$ Within 2 seconds $\longrightarrow$
The equipment beeps for approx. 3 seconds and displays "MAINTENANCE" on the LCD, indicating that it is placed in the initial maintenance mode, a mode in which the equipment is ready to accept entry from the keys.
To select one of the maintenance-mode functions listed in Section 2, enter the corresponding 2-digit function code with the numerical keys on the control panel. (The details of each main-tenance-mode function are described in Section 3.)

NOTES: • Pressing the 9 key twice in the initial maintenance mode restores the equipment to the standby state.

- Pressing the Stop button after entering only one digit restores the equipment to the initial maintenance mode.
- If an invalid function code is entered, the equipment resumes the initial maintenance mode.


## 2. LIST OF MAINTENANCE-MODE FUNCTIONS

Maintenance-mode Functions

| Function Code | Function | Reference Subsection (Page) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01 | E2PROM Parameter Initialization | 3.1 (V-4) |
| 02 | - | - |
| 03 | - | - |
| 04 | - | - |
| 05 | Printout of Scanning Compensation Data | 3.2 (V-5) |
| 06 | - | - |
| 07 | - | - |
| 08 | ADF* Performance Test | 3.3 (V-6) |
| 09 | Test Pattern 1 | 3.4 (V-7) |
| 10 | Firmware Switch Setting | 3.5 (V-8) |
| 11 | Printout of Firmware Switch Data | 3.5 (V-45) |
| 12 |  | - |
| 13 | Operational Check of Control Panel PCB (Check of Keys and Buttons) | 3.6 (V-46) |
| 14 | - | - |
| 15 | - | - |
|  |  |  |
| 32 | Sensor Operational Check | 3.7 (V-47) |
|  |  |  |
| 55 | CIS Scanner Area Setting | 3.8 (V-48) |
|  |  |  |
| 82 | Equipment Error Code Indication | 3.9 (V-48) |
|  |  |  |
| 91 | E²PROM Parameter Initialization (except the tele- $^{2}$ phone number storage area) | 3.1 (V-4) |
| - | Document Draw Adjustment | 3.10 (V-51) |

* ADF: Automatic document feeder

Basically, the maintenance-mode functions listed on the previous page should be accessed by service personnel only. However, you may allow end users to access some of these under the guidance of service personnel (e.g., by telephone).

The user-accessible functions (codes 10, 11, 82, and 91) are shaded in the above table. Function code 10 accesses the firmware switches WSW01 to WSW34, each of which has eight selectors. You should not allow end users to access all of those selectors, but you may allow them to access user-accessible selectors which are shaded in the firmware switch tables in Subsection 3.5.

The service personnel should instruct end users to follow the procedure given below.
(1) Press the Function key and the Mode key in this order.

The LCD clears the current display.
NOTE: The Mode key is inoperable during standby for redialing and timer.
(2) Press the 0 key.
(3) Enter the desired function code ( $10,11,82$, or 91 ) with the numerical keys.

For function code 10, access the desired firmware switch according to the operating procedure described in Subsection 3.5.

(4) To make the equipment return to the standby state, press the Stop key.

## 3 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF MAINTENANCE-MODE FUNCTIONS

### 3.1 E²PROM Parameter Initialization

## Function

The equipment initializes the parameters, user switches, and firmware switches registered in the $E^{2}$ PROM, to the initial values. Entering the function code 01 initializes all of the $E^{2}$ PROM areas, but entering 91 does not initialize some areas, as listed below.

| Function code <br> Data item | 01 | 91 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maintenance-mode functions <br> User switches <br> Firmware switches <br> Remote activation code <br> Activity report <br> Distinctive ringing patterns registered (only for the U.S.A. versions) | All of these will be initialized. | These will be initialized. |
| Station ID data <br> Outside line number <br> Telephone function registration <br> One-touch dialing <br> Speed dialing |  | These will not be initialized. |

## Operating Procedure

(1) Press the 0 and 1 keys (or the 9 and 1 keys according to your need) in this order in the initial maintenance mode.
The "PARAMETER INIT" will appear on the LCD.
(2) Upon completion of parameter initialization, the equipment returns to the initial maintenance mode.

### 3.2 Printout of Scanning Compensation Data

## Function

The equipment prints out the white and black level data for scanning compensation.

## Operating Procedure

Do not start this function merely after powering on the equipment but start it after carrying out a sequence of scanning operation. Unless the equipment has carried out any scanning operation, this function cannot print out correct scanning compensation data. This is because the equipment initializes white and black level data and takes in the scanning compensation reference data at the start of scanning operation.
(1) Press the 0 and 5 keys in this order in the initial maintenance mode.

The "MAINTENANCE 05" will appear on the LCD.
(2) The equipment prints out the scanning compensation data list containing the following:
a) White level data (208 bytes)
b) Black level data (1 byte)
c) Clamp PWM value (1 byte)
d) Compensation data for background color (1 byte)
e) LED light intensity value (1 byte)
f) LED light intensity value for compensation of background color and white level data (1 byte)
(3) Upon completion of recording of the compensation data list, the equipment returns to the initial maintenance mode.

NOTE: If any data is abnormal, its code will be printed in inline style, as shown below.


### 3.3 ADF Performance Test

## Function

The equipment counts the documents fed by the automatic document feeder (ADF) and displays the count on the LCD for checking the ADF performance.

## Operating Procedure

(1) Set documents. (Allowable up to the ADF capacity.)

The "DOC. READY" will appear on the LCD.
(2) Press the 0 and 8 keys in this order.

The equipment
i) copies the 1st document and displays "P.01" on the LCD,
ii) feeds in and out the 2nd through 4th documents while counting without copying them as the LCD shows the corresponding count,
iii) copies the 5th document and displays "P.05" on the LCD,
iv) feeds in and out the 6th through 9th documents while counting without copying them as the LCD shows the corresponding count, and
v) copies the 10th document and displays "P.10" on the LCD.
(3) Upon completion of feeding in and out all of the documents, the final count appears on the LCD.
(4) Press the Stop key to return the equipment to the initial maintenance mode.

### 3.4 Test Pattern 1

## - Function

This function, much like the copying function, prints out test pattern 1 to allow the service personnel to check for record data missing or print quality.

- Operating Procedure

Press the 0 and 9 keys in this order in the initial maintenance mode. The figure below shows test pattern 1.


Test Pattern 1

### 3.5 Firmware Switch Setting and Printout

## [A] Firmware switch setting

## - Function

The facsimile equipment incorporates the following firmware switch functions (WSW01 through WSW34) which may be activated with the procedures using the control panel keys and buttons.

The firmware switches have been set at the factory in conformity to the communications standards and codes of each country. Do not disturb them unless necessary. Some firmware switches may not be applicable in some versions. The firmware switch data list indicates "Not used." for those inapplicable switches.

Firmware Switches (WSW01 through WSW34)

| WSW No. | Function | Reference Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WSW01 | Dial pulse setting | V-10 |
| WSW02 | Tone signal setting | V-11 |
| WSW03 | PABX mode setting | V-12 |
| WSW04 | TRANSFER facility setting | V-14 |
| WSW05 | 1st dial tone and busy tone detection | V-15 |
| WSW06 | PAUSE key setting and 2nd dial tone detection | V-17 |
| WSW07 | Dial tone setting 1 | V-19 |
| WSW08 | Dial tone setting 2 | V-20 |
| WSW09 | Protocol definition 1 | V-21 |
| WSW10 | Protocol definition 2 | V -22 |
| WSW11 | Busy tone setting | V-23 |
| WSW12 | Signal detection condition setting | V -24 |
| WSW13 | Modem setting | V-25 |
| WSW14 | AUTO ANS facility setting | V-26 |
| WSW15 | REDIAL facility setting | V-27 |
| WSW16 | Function setting 1 | V-28 |
| WSW17 | Function setting 2 | V-29 |
| WSW18 | Function setting 3 | V-30 |
| WSW19 | Transmission speed setting | V-31 |
| WSW20 | Overseas communications mode setting | V-32 |
| WSW21 | TAD setting 1 | V-33 |
| WSW22 | Copy resolution setting | V-33 |
| WSW23 | Communications setting | V-34 |
| WSW24 | TAD setting 2 | V-35 |
| WSW25 | TAD setting 3 | V-36 |
| WSW26 | Function setting 4 | V-37 |
| WSW27 | Function setting 5 | V-38 |
| WSW28 | Function setting 6 | V-39 |
| WSW29 | Function setting 7 | V-40 |
| WSW30 | Function setting 8 | V-41 |
| WSW31 | Function setting 9 | V-42 |
| WSW32 | Function setting 10 | V-42 |
| WSW33 | Function setting 11 | V-43 |
| WSW34 | Function setting 12 | V-44 |

## - Operating Procedure

(1) Press the 1 and 0 keys in this order in the initial maintenance mode.

The equipment displays the "WSWOO" on the LCD and becomes ready to accept a firmware switch number.
(2) Enter the desired number from the firmware switch numbers (01 through 34). The following appears on the LCD:
$W S W X X=\underline{0} 0000000$
(3) Use the $\triangle$ and $\square$ keys to move the cursor to the selector position to be modified.
(4) Enter the desired number using the 0 or 1 key.
(5) Press the Set key. This operation saves the newly entered selector values onto the $E^{2}$ PROM and readies the equipment for accepting a firmware switch number.
(6) Repeat steps (2) through (5) until the modification for the desired firmware switches is completed.
(7) Press the Set or Stop key to return the equipment to the initial maintenance mode.

NOTES: - To cancel this operation and return the equipment to the initial maintenance mode during the above procedure, press the Stop key.

- If there is a pause of more than one minute after a single-digit number is entered for double-digit firmware switch numbers, the equipment will automatically return to the initial maintenance mode.


## Note

The user-accessible selectors of the firmware switches are shaded in the tables given on the following pages.

## Detailed Description for the Firmware Switches

WSW01 (Dial pulse setting)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Dial pulse generation mode | $\begin{array}{llll} \text { No. } 1 & 2 & & \\ 0 & 0 & : & N \\ 0 & 1 & \vdots & \mathrm{~N}+1 \\ 1 & 0 & \vdots & 10-\mathrm{N} \\ 1 & 1 & : & \mathrm{N} \end{array}$ |
| 3 | Break time length in pulse dialing | No.3 4   <br> 0 0 $:$ 60 ms <br> 0 1 $:$ 67 ms <br> 1 0 $:$ 40 ms (for 16 PPS) <br> 1 1 $:$ 64 ms (at 106-ms intervals) |
| $5$ | Inter-digit pause | No.5 6   <br> 0 0 $:$ 800 ms <br> 0 1 $\vdots$ 850 ms <br> 1 0 $\vdots$ 950 ms <br> 1 1 $:$ 600 ms |
| 7 | Switching between pulse (DP) and tone (PB) dialing, by the function switch | 0: Yes 1: No |
| 8 | Default dialing mode, pulse (DP) or tone (PB) dialing | 0: PB 1: DP |

## - Selectors 1 and 2: Dial pulse generation mode

These selectors set the number of pulses to be generated in pulse dialing.
$\mathrm{N}: \quad$ Dialing " N " generates " N " pulses. (Dialing " 0 " generates 10 pulses.)
$\mathrm{N}+1$ : Dialing "N" generates " $\mathrm{N}+1$ " pulses.
10 - N: Dialing "N" generates "10-N" pulses.

- Selectors 3 and 4: Break time length in pulse dialing

These selectors set the break time length in pulse dialing.
(Example: If "1," "2," and "3" are dialled when N is set by selectors 1 and 2 .)
Break time length set by selectors 3 and 4


- Selectors 5 and 6: Inter-digit pause

These selectors set the inter-digit pause in pulse dialing.
(Example: If "1," "2," and "3" are dialled when N is set by selectors 1 and 2.)


- Selector 7: Switching between pulse (DP) and tone (PB) dialing, by the function switch

This selector determines whether or not the dialing mode may be switched between the pulse (DP) and tone (PB) dialing by using the function switch.

- Selector 8: Default dialing mode, pulse (DP) or tone (PB) dialing

This selector sets the default dialing mode (pulse dialing or tone dialing) which may be changed by the function switch. If the user switches it with the function switch when selector 7 is set to " 0, " the setting specified by this selector will be also switched automatically.

WSW02 (Tone signal setting)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Tone signal transmission time length | $\begin{array}{rrrrr}\text { No. } & 1 & 2 & & \\ 0 & 0 & : & 70 \mathrm{~ms} \\ 0 & 1 & : & 80 \mathrm{~ms} \\ 1 & 0 & : & 90 \mathrm{~ms} \\ 1 & 1 & : & 100 \mathrm{~ms}\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | Min. pause in tone dialing | No.3 4   <br> 0 0 $:$ 70 ms <br> 0 1 $:$ 80 ms <br> 1 0 $:$ 90 ms <br> 1 1 $:$ 140 ms |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 1 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | Attenuator for pseudo ring backtone to the line (selectable in the range of $0-15 \mathrm{~dB}$ ) | $0:$ 0 dB $1:$ 8 dB <br> $0:$ 0 dB $1:$ 4 dB <br> $0:$ 0 dB $1:$ 2 dB <br> $0:$ 0 dB $1:$ 1 dB |

- Selectors 1 through 4: Tone signal transmission time length and Min. pause in tone dialing

These selectors set the tone signal transmission time length and minimum pause in tone dialing.
(Example: If "1," "2," "3," "4," and "5" are dialled.)
Tone signal transmission time length set by selectors 1 and 2


- Selectors 5 through 8: Attenuator for pseudo ring backtone to the line

These selectors are used to adjust the sound level of beep generated as a ring backtone in the F/T mode or as a signal during remote control operation or at the start of ICM recording.
Setting two or more selectors to "1" produces addition of attenuation assigned to each selector.

This setting will be limited if selector 8 of WSW23 is set to "0."

WSW03 (PABX* mode setting)


* PABX: Private automatic branch exchange

NOTE: Selectors 2 through 4 and 6 through 8 are not applicable where no PABX is installed.

- Selectors 1 and 5: CNG detection when sharing a modular wall socket with a telephone

These selectors determine whether or not the equipment detects a CNG signal when a line is connected to a telephone sharing a modular wall socket with the equipment. If these selectors are set to "0,0," the equipment does not detect CNG. If set to other selector values, the equipment interprets CNG as an effective signal upon detection of CNG signals by the number of cycles specified by these selectors and then starts FAX reception.

| Selector |  | Cycle |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. | No. 5 |  |
| 0 (A) | $0(A)$ | No detection |
| 0 (A) | 1 (B) | One cycle |
| 1 (B) | 0 (A) | 1.5 cycles |
| 1 (B) | 1 (B) | 2 cycles |

- Selectors 2 through 4: Min. detection time length of PABX dial tone, required for starting dialing

Upon detection of the PABX dial tone for the time length set by these selectors, the equipment starts dialing.
These selectors are effective only when both selectors 6 and 7 are set to "1" (Detection).

- Selectors 6 and 7: Dial tone detection in PABX

These selectors activate or deactivate the dial tone detection function which detects a dial tone when a line is connected to the PABX.
Setting both of these selectors to "1" activates the dial tone detection function so that the equipment starts dialing upon detection of a dial tone when a line is connected.

Other setting combinations deactivate the dial tone detection function so that the equipment starts dialing after the specified WAIT (3.5, 5.0, or 7.0 sec .) without detection of a dial tone when a line is connected.

## - Selector 8: "R" key function

This selector determines whether or not the 1st dial tone detection function (specified by selectors 1 through 3 of WSW05) is added to the R key.

If this selector is set to " 0, ," pressing the $R$ key automatically activates the 1 st dial tone detection function when the PABX and the automatic calling are selected by using the function switch. If you press the R key and a dial number in succession, the equipment will automatically carry out the 1st dial tone detection function following the original transfer function as shown below.


WSW04 (TRANSFER facility setting)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Earth function in transfer facility | 0: Provided 1: Not provided |
| 2 3 | Dual tone detection frequency in ICM recording | $\begin{array}{llll} \text { No. } 2 & 3 & & \\ 0 & 0 & : & 350+440 \mathrm{~Hz}(\mathrm{~A}) \\ 0 & 1 & : & 440+480 \mathrm{~Hz}(\mathrm{~B}) \\ 1 & \mathrm{x} & : & 480+620 \mathrm{~Hz}(\mathrm{C}) \end{array}$ |
| 4 | Tone detection level in ICM recording | 0: OFF 1: High |
| 5 6 | Earth time length for earth function | No.5 6   <br> 0 0 $:$ 200 ms <br> 0 1 $\vdots$ 300 ms <br> 1 0 $\vdots$ 500 ms <br> 1 1 $:$ 700 ms |
| 7 8 | Break time length for flash function | No.7 8   <br> 0 0 $:$ 80 ms <br> 0 1 $:$ 110 ms <br> 1 0 $:$ 250 ms <br> 1 1 $:$ 500 ms |

NOTE: Selectors 1 and 5 through 8 are not applicable in those countries where no transfer facility is supported.

- Selector 1: Earth function in transfer facility

This selector determines whether or not the earth function is added to the transfer setting menu to be accessed by the function switch.

- Selectors 5 and 6: Earth time length for earth function

These selectors set the short-circuiting time length of the telephone line (La or Lb) to ground.
This setting is effective only when the earth function is selected for the R key by using the function switch.

- Selectors 7 and 8: Break time length for flash function

These selectors set the break time length.
This setting is effective only when the flash function is selected for the R key by using the function switch.

WSW05 (1st dial tone and busy tone detection)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \| <br> 3 | 1st dial tone detection | No. 2 3   <br> 0 0 0 $:$ 3.5 sec . WAIT <br> 0 0 1 $\vdots$ 70.0 sec WAIT <br> 0 1 0 $\vdots$ 10.5 sec . WAIT <br> 0 1 1 $:$ 14.0 sec . WAIT <br> 1 0 0 $\vdots$ 17.5 sec. WAIT <br> 1 0 1 $\vdots$ 21.0 sec. WAIT <br> 1 1 0 $\vdots$ 24.5 sec. WAIT <br> 1 1 1 $:$ Detection (Without WAIT) |
| 4 | Max. pause time allowable for remote ID code detection | 0: 2 seconds 1: 1 second |
| $5$ | Busy tone detection in automatic sending mode | No.5 6   <br> 0 0 $:$ No detection <br> 0 1 $:$ Detection only <br>    after dialing <br> 1 0 $:$ No detection <br> 1 1 $:$ Detection before <br> and after dialing ( 10 |
| 7 | Busy tone detection in automatic receiving mode | $0:$ Yes 1: No |
| 8 | Not used. |  |

NOTE: Selectors 5 through 7 are not applicable in those countries where no busy tone detection is supported, e.g., U.S.A.

## - Selectors 1 through 3: 1st dial tone detection

These selectors activate or deactivate the 1st dial tone detection function which detects the 1st dial tone issued from the PSTN when a line is connected to the PSTN.
Setting all of these selectors to "1" activates the dial tone detection function so that the equipment starts dialing upon detection of a dial tone when a line is connected. (However, in those countries which support no dial tone detection function, e.g., in the U.S.A., setting these selectors to "1" makes the equipment start dialing after a WAIT of 3.5 seconds.) For the detecting conditions of the 1st dial tone, refer to WSW07 and WSW08.
Other setting combinations deactivate the dial tone detection function so that the equipment starts dialing after the specified WAIT (3.5, $7.0,10.5,14.0,17.5,21.0$, or 24.5 seconds) without detection of a dial tone when a line is connected to the PSTN.

- Selector 4: Max. pause time allowable for remote ID code detection

This selector sets the maximum pause time allowable for detecting the second digit of a remote ID code after detection of the first digit in remote reception.
If selector 4 is set to " 0 " ( 2 seconds), for instance, only a remote ID code whose second digit is detected within 2 seconds after detection of the first digit will become effective so as to activate the remote function.

- Selectors 5 and 6: Busy tone detection in automatic sending mode

These selectors determine whether or not the equipment automatically disconnects a line upon detection of a busy tone in automatic sending mode.
Setting selector 6 to " 0 " ignores a busy tone so that the equipment does not disconnect the line.

Setting selectors 5 and 6 to " 0 " and "1," respectively, makes the equipment detect a busy tone only after dialing and disconnect the line.
Setting both of selectors 5 and 6 to "1" makes the equipment detect a busy tone before and after dialing and then disconnect the line.

- Selector 7: Busy tone detection in automatic receiving mode

This selector determines whether or not the equipment automatically disconnects a line upon detection of a busy tone in automatic receiving mode.

WSW06 (PAUSE key setting and 2nd dial tone detection)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \mid \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | PAUSE key setting and 2nd dial tone detection | No. 1 2 3   <br> 0 0 0 $:$ No pause  <br> 0 0 1 $:$ 3.5 sec. WAIT  <br> 0 1 0 $:$ 7 sec. WAIT  <br> 0 1 1 $:$ 10.5 sec. WAIT  <br> 1 0 0 $:$ 14 sec. WAIT  <br> 1 0 1 $:$ 17.5 sec. WAIT  <br> 1 1 0 $:$ 2nd dial tone detection <br> only in pulse dialing  <br>  1 1 $:$(DP) system <br> 2nd dial tone detection <br> both in DP and push- <br> button (PB) dialing <br> systems   |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \mid \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | Detection of international tone | No.4 5 6   <br> 0 0 0 $:$ 50 ms <br> 0 0 1 $:$ 210 ms <br> 0 1 0 $:$ 500 ms <br> 0 1 1 $:$ 800 ms <br> 1 0 0 $:$ 900 ms <br> 1 0 1 $:$ 1.5 sec. <br> 1 1 0 $:$ 2.0 sec. <br> 1 1 1 $:$ 2.5 sec. |
| 7 | No. of dial tone detection times | 0: Once 1: Twice |
| 8 | 2nd dial tone interrupt detecting time | 0: 30 ms 1: 50 ms |

NOTE: Selectors 4 through 8 are not applicable in those countries where no dial tone detection is supported, e.g., U.S.A.

## - Selectors 1 through 3: PAUSE key setting and 2nd dial tone detection

## Selectors

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| 0 | 0 | 0 | No WAIT is inserted even if the PAUSE key is pressed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | Pressing the PAUSE key inserts WAIT in pulse dialing, as defined in <br> 0 1 |
| the above table. |  |  |  |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | If the PAUSE key is pressed repeatedly, the equipment beeps a refusal <br> sound and refuses the entry. |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | In hook-up dialing, however, the equipment allows repeated pressing <br> with an acceptance sound, but inserts WAIT only for the first pressing. |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | Each time the PAUSE key is pressed, the equipment detects a 2nd <br> dial tone. <br> If no 2nd dial tone is inputted within the specified time, the equipment <br> disconnects the line in automatic dialing, or it starts transmitting the <br> dial signal if given after depression of the PAUSE key in hook-up <br> dialing. <br> (In those countries where no dial tone detection function is supported, <br> setting these selectors to "1, 1, 0" or "1, 1, 1" inserts a WAIT of 3.5 <br> seconds.) |

## - Selectors 4 through 6: Detection of international tone

Upon detection of the 2nd dial tone for the time length specified by these selectors, the equipment starts dialing.
This setting is effective only when the 2nd dial tone detection function is activated by selectors 1 through 3 (Setting 1, 1, 0 or 1, 1, 1).
This function does not apply in those countries where no dial tone detection function is supported.

- Selector 7: No. of dial tone detection times

This selector sets the number of dial tone detection times required for starting dialing.

- Selector 8: 2nd dial tone interrupt detecting time

This selector sets the allowable time length of an interrupt which should not be interpreted as an interrupt in the 2nd tone dialing.

WSW07 (Dial tone setting 1)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Frequency band range | No.1 2   <br> 0 0 $:$ Narrows by 10 Hz <br> 0 1 $:$ Initial value <br> 1 X $:$ Widens by 10 Hz |
| 3 | Line current detection | 0: No 1: Yes |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \mid \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | 2nd dial tone detection level $(Z=600 \Omega)$ | No. 44 5 6   <br> 0 0 0 $:$ -21 dBm <br> 0 0 1 $:$ -24 dBm <br> 0 1 0 $:$ -27 dBm <br> 0 1 1 $:$ -30 dBm <br> 1 0 0 $:$ -33 dBm <br> 1 0 1 $:$ -36 dBm <br> 1 1 0 $:$ -39 dBm <br> 1 1 1 $:$ -42 dBm |
| 7 | 1st dial tone interrupt detecting time | 0: 30 ms 1: 50 ms |
| 8 | Not used. |  |

NOTE: The WSW07 is not applicable in those countries where no dial tone or line current detection is supported, e.g., U.S.A.

## - Selectors 1 and 2: Frequency band range

These selectors set the frequency band for the 1st dial tone and the busy tone (before dialing) to be detected.
This setting is effective only when selectors 1 through 3 of WSW05 are set to "1, 1, 1."

- Selector 3: Line current detection

This selector determines whether or not the equipment should detect a line current before starting dialing.

- Selectors 4 through 6: 2nd dial tone detection level

These selectors set the detection level of the 2nd dial tone.

- Selector 7: 1st dial tone interrupt detecting time

This selector sets the allowable time length of an interrupt which should not be interpreted as an interrupt in the 1st dial tone dialing.

WSW08 (Dial tone setting 2)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \mid \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | 1st dial tone detection time length | No.1 2 3   <br> 0 0 0 $:$ 50 ms <br> 0 0 1 $:$ 210 ms <br> 0 1 0 $:$ 500 ms <br> 0 1 1 $:$ 800 ms <br> 1 0 0 $:$ 900 ms <br> 1 0 1 $:$ 1.5 sec. <br> 1 1 0 $:$ 2.0 sec. <br> 1 1 1 $:$ 2.5 sec. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | Time-out length for 1st and 2nd dial tone detection |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & \mid \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | Detection level of 1 st dial tone and busy tone before dialing | No. 66 7 8   <br> 0 0 0 $:$ -21 dBm <br> 0 0 1 $:$ -24 dBm <br> 0 1 0 $:$ -27 dBm <br> 0 1 1 $:$ -30 dBm <br> 1 0 0 $:$ -33 dBm <br> 1 0 1 $:$ -36 dBm <br> 1 1 0 $:$ -39 dBm <br> 1 1 1 $:$ -42 dBm |

NOTE: The WSW08 is not applicable in those countries where no dial tone or line current detection is supported, e.g., U.S.A.

## - Selectors 1 through 3: 1st dial tone detection time length

Upon detection of the 1 st dial tone for the time length set by these selectors, the equipment starts dialing.
This setting is effective only when selectors 1 through 3 of WSW05 are set to "1, 1, 1."

- Selectors 4 and 5: Time-out length for 1st and 2nd dial tone detection

These selectors set the time-out length for the 1st and 2nd dial tone detection so that the equipment waits dial tone input for the specified time length and disconnects itself from the line when no dial tone is inputted.

WSW09 (Protocol definition 1)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Frame length selection | 0: 256 octets 1: 64 octets |
| 2 | Not used. |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 1 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | No. of retries | No. 33 4   <br> 0 0 $:$ 4 times <br> 0 1 $:$ 3 times <br> 1 0 $:$ 2 times <br> 1 1 $:$ 1 time |
| 5 | T5 timer | 0: $300 \mathrm{sec} . \quad 1: 60 \mathrm{sec}$. |
| 6 | T1 timer | 0: 35 sec . 1: 40 sec . |
| 7 8 | Elapsed time for time-out control for no response from the called station in automatic sending mode | No.7 8   <br> 0 0 $:$ 50 sec. <br> 0 1 $:$ 70 sec. <br> 1 0 $:$ 90 sec. <br> 1 1 $:$ 35 sec. |

NOTE: Selectors 1 through 5 are not applicable in those models which do not support ECM.

## - Selector 1: Frame length selection

Usually a single frame consists of 256 octets ( 1 octet $=8$ bits). For communications lines with higher bit error rate, however, set selector 1 to "1" so that the facsimile equipment can divide a message into 64-octet frames.

Remarks: The error correction mode (ECM) is a facsimile transmission manner in which the equipment divides a message into frames for transmission so that if any data error occurs on the transmission line, the equipment retransmits only those frames containing the error data.

- Selectors 3 and 4: No. of retries

These selectors set the number of retries in each specified modem transmission speed.

- Selector 5: T5 timer

This selector sets the time length for the T5 timer.

- Selector 6: T1 timer

This selector sets the time length for the T1 timer.

- Selectors 7 and 8: Elapsed time for time-out control

If the equipment receives no response (no G3 command) from the called terminal in automatic sending during the time set by these selectors, it disconnects the line.

WSW10 (Protocol definition 2)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Switching of DPS, following the CML ON/OFF | 0: No 1: Yes |
| 2 | Time length from transmission of the last dial digit to CML ON | 0: 100 ms 1: 50 ms |
| 3 | Time length from CML ON to CNG transmission | 0: 2 sec. 1: 4 sec. |
| 4 | Time length from CML ON to CED transmission (except for facsimile-to-telephone switching) | 0: 0.5 sec .1 1: 2 sec . |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | No. of training retries | No.5 6   <br> 0 0 $:$ 1 time <br> 0 1 $:$ 2 times <br> 1 0 $:$ 3 times <br> 1 1 $:$ 4 times |
| 7 8 | Not used. |  |

## - Selector 1: Switching of DPS, following the CML ON/OFF

Setting this selector to "1" automatically switches DPS following the CML ON/OFF operation. This function is provided to conform to the Swedish standard.

- Selector 2: Time length from transmission of the last dial digit to CML ON

This selector sets the time length from when the equipment transmits the last dial digit until the CML relay comes on.

- Selector 3: Time length from CML ON to CNG transmission

This selector sets the time length until the equipment transmits a CNG after it turns on the CML relay.

- Selector 4: Time length from CML ON to CED transmission

This selector sets the time length until the equipment transmits a CED after it turns on the CML relay. This setting does not apply to switching between facsimile and telephone.

- Selectors 5 and 6: No. of training retries

These selectors set the number of training retries to be repeated before automatic fallback.

WSW11 (Busy tone setting)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 2 | Frequency band range | No.1 2   <br> 0 0 $:$ Narrows by 10 Hz <br> 0 1 $:$ Initial value <br> 1 x $:$ Widens by 10 Hz |
| 3 | Not used. |  |
| 4 | ON/OFF time length ranges <br> (More than one setting allowed) | 1: 400-600/400-600 ms |
| 5 |  | 1: 175-440/175-440 ms |
| 6 |  | 1: 700-800/700-800 ms |
| 7 |  | 1: 110-410/320-550 ms |
| 8 |  | 1: 100-660/100-660 ms |

NOTE: The WSW11 is not applicable in those countries where no busy tone detection is supported, e.g., U.S.A.
The setting of WSW11 is effective only when selectors 5 and 6 of WSW05 are set to " 0 , 1 " or "1, 1" (Busy tone detection).

- Selectors 1 and 2: Frequency band range

These selectors set the frequency band for busy tone to be detected.

- Selectors 4 through 8: ON/OFF time length ranges

These selectors set the ON and OFF time length ranges for busy tone to be detected. If more than one selector is set to "1," the ranges become wider. For example, if selectors 4 and 5 are set to "1," the ON and OFF time length ranges are from 175 to 600 ms .

WSW12 (Signal detection condition setting)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 2 | Min. OFF time length of calling signal ( Ci ) | No.1 2   <br> 0 0 $:$ 300 ms <br> 0 1 $:$ 500 ms <br> 1 0 $:$ 700 ms <br> 1 1 $:$ 900 ms |
| 3 4 | Max. OFF time length of calling signal (Ci) | No.3 4   <br> 0 0 $:$ 6 sec. <br> 0 1 $:$ 7 sec. <br> 1 0 $:$ 9 sec. <br> 1 1 $:$ 11 sec. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | Detecting time setting | No.5 6   <br> 0 0 $:$ $800 \mathrm{~ms}\left(1000 \mathrm{~ms}^{*}\right)$ <br> 0 1 $\vdots$ 200 ms <br> 1 0 $\vdots$ 250 ms <br> 1 1 $:$ 150 ms |
| 7 | Delay | $0:$ Yes 1: No |
| 8 | Not used. |  |

* 1000 ms in Chinese or Hong Kong versions.
- Selectors 1 through 4: Min. and max. OFF time length of calling signal ( Ci )

If the equipment detects the OFF state of calling signal ( Ci ) for a time length which is greater than the value set by selectors 1 and 2 and less than the value set by selectors 3 and 4 , it interprets the Ci signal as OFF.

## - Selectors 5 and 6: Detecting time setting

These selectors set the time length required to make the equipment acknowledge itself to be called. That is, if the equipment continuously detects calling signals with the frequency set by selectors 1 through 4 of WSW14 during the time length set by these selectors 5 and 6 , it acknowledges the call.

- Selector 7: Delay

Setting this selector to "0" allows the equipment to insert a 900 ms WAIT after acknowledgement of the call until the equipment turns on the CML relay to start receiving operation.

WSW13 (Modem setting)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Cable equalizer | No. $\begin{array}{rrrr}1 & 2 & & \\ 0 & 0 & : & 0 \mathrm{~km} \\ 0 & 1 & \vdots & 1.8 \mathrm{~km} \\ 1 & 0 & \vdots & 3.6 \mathrm{~km} \\ 1 & 1 & : & 5.6 \mathrm{~km}\end{array}$ |
| $3$ | Reception level | No.3 4   <br> 0 0 $:$ -43 dBm <br> 0 1 $\vdots$ -47 dBm <br> 1 0 $:$ -49 dBm <br> 1 1 $:$ -51 dBm |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 1 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | Modem attenuator | $0:$ 0 dB $1:$ 8 dB <br> $0:$ 0 dB $1:$ 4 dB <br> $0:$ 0 dB $1:$ 2 dB <br> $0:$ 0 dB $1:$ 1 dB |

The modem should be adjusted according to the user's line conditions.

## - Selectors 1 and 2: Cable equalizer

These selectors are used to improve the pass-band characteristics of analogue signals on a line. (Attenuation in the high-band frequency is greater than in the low-band frequency.)
Set these selectors according to the distance from the telephone switchboard to the facsimile equipment.

- Selectors 3 and 4: Reception level

These selectors set the optimum receive signal level.

- Selectors 5 through 8: Modem attenuator

These selectors are used to adjust the transmitting level of the modem when the reception level at the remote station is improper due to line loss. This function applies for G3 protocol signals.
Setting two or more selectors to "1" produces addition of attenuation assigned to each selector.
This setting will be limited if selector 8 of WSW23 is set to "0."

WSW14 (AUTO ANS facility setting)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Frequency band selection (Lower limit) | No.1 2   <br> 0 0 $:$ 13 Hz <br> 0 1 $:$ 15 Hz <br> 1 0 $:$ 23 Hz <br> 1 1 $:$ 20 Hz |
| 3 | Frequency band selection (Upper limit) | No.3 4   <br> 0 0 $:$ 30 Hz <br> 0 1 $:$ 55 Hz <br> 1 0 $:$ 70 Hz <br> 1 1 $:$ 70 Hz |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & \text { \| } \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | No. of rings in AUTO ANS mode | No.5 6 7 8   <br> 0 0 0 0 $:$ Fixed to once <br> 0 0 0 1 $:$ Fixed to 2 times <br> 0 0 1 0 $:$ Fixed to 3 times <br> 0 0 1 1 $:$ Fixed to 4 times <br> 0 1 0 0 $\vdots$ 1 to 2 times <br> 0 1 0 1 $\vdots$ 1 to 3 times <br> 0 1 1 0 $:$ 1 to 4 times <br> 0 1 1 1 $:$ 1 to 5 times <br> 1 0 0 0 $:$ 2 to 3 times <br> 1 0 0 1 $:$ 2 to 4 times <br> 1 0 1 0 $:$ 2 to 5 times <br> 1 0 1 1 $\vdots$ 2 to 6 times <br> 1 1 0 0 $\vdots$ 1 to 10 times <br> 1 1 0 1 $\vdots$ 2 to 10 times <br> 1 1 1 0 $:$ 3 to 5 times <br> 1 1 1 1 $:$ 4 to 10 times |

- Selectors 1 through 4: Frequency band selection

These selectors are used to select the frequency band of calling signals for activating the AUTO ANS facility.

- Selectors 5 through 8: No. of rings in AUTO ANS mode

These selectors set the number of rings to initiate the AUTO ANS facility.

WSW15 (REDIAL facility setting)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1$ | Selection of redial interval | No.1 2   <br> 0 0 $:$ 5 minutes <br> 0 1 $\vdots$ 1 minute <br> 1 0 $\vdots$ 2 minutes <br> 1 1 $:$ 3 minutes |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & \text { \| } \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | No. of redialings | No. 3 4 5 6  <br> 0 0 0 0 $:$ 16 times <br> 0 0 0 1 $:$ 1 time <br> 0 0 1 0 $:$ 2 times <br> 0 0 1 1 $:$ 3 times <br>   $\mid$   1 <br>  1 1 1 1 $:$ |
| 7 8 | Not used. |  |

- Selectors 1 through 6: Selection of redial interval and No. of redialings

The equipment redials by the number of times set by selectors 3 through 6 at intervals set by selectors 1 and 2.

## WSW16 (Function setting 1)

| Selector <br> No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Automatic cutter | 0: ON | 1: OFF |
| 2 | CCITT superfine recommendation | 0: OFF | 1: ON |
| 3 | Remote reception | 0: Only from the <br> connected <br> external <br> telephone | 1: From all <br> telephones <br> connected |
| 4 | Not used. |  |  |
| 6 | Exclusive line mode | $0:$ OFF |  |
| 7 | Max. document length limitation | $0: 400 \mathrm{~cm}$ | $1:$ ON |
| 8 | Not used. |  |  |

- Selector 1: Automatic cutter

The selector activates or deactivates the automatic cutter.

- Selector 2: CCITT superfine recommendation

If this selector is set to "1," the equipment communicates in CCITT recommended superfine mode ( 15.4 lines $/ \mathrm{mm}$ ). If it is set to " 0, " it communicates in native superfine mode.

- Selector 3: Remote reception

Setting this selector to " 0 " allows the facsimile equipment to receive data from the directly connected external telephone only. Setting it to "1" allows the equipment to receive data from all telephones sharing a modular wall socket with the equipment, as well as from the directly connected external telephone.
If any of the following problems occurs frequently, set this selector to "0":

- Dialing from any of the telephones sharing a modular wall socket starts the facsimile equipment.
- Picking up the handset for any telephones sharing a modular wall socket while the equipment is in receiving operation disrupts the received image due to the superimposed noise.


## - Selector 6: Exclusive line mode

Setting this selector to "1" connects the equipment to the exclusive line, which enables transmission merely by pressing the Start key without dialing operation at both the calling and called terminals.

- Selector 7: Max. document length limitation

This selector is used to select the maximum length of a document to be sent.

## WSW17 (Function setting 2)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 2 | Off-hook alarm | No. 1 2   <br> 0 0 $:$ No alarm <br> 0 1 $:$ Always valid <br> 1 X $:$ Valid except when <br>    'call reservation' <br>     <br> is selected.    |
| 3 | Power failure report output | 0: ON 1: OFF |
| 4 | Calendar clock/prompt alternate display | 0: NO 1: YES |
| 5 | Calendar clock type | 0: U.S.A. type 1: European type |
| 6 | Error indication in activity report | 0: NO 1: YES |
| 7 | Non-ring reception | 0: OFF 1: ON |
| 8 | Not used. |  |

## - Selectors 1 and 2: Off-hook alarm

These selectors activate or deactivate the alarm function which sounds an alarm when the communication is completed with the handset being off the hook.

- Selector 3: Power failure report output

This selector determines whether or not the equipment outputs a power failure report when the power comes back on.

- Selector 4: Calendar clock/prompt alternate display

If this selector is set to "1," the calendar clock and the prompt "INSERT DOCUMENT" appear alternately on the LCD while the equipment is on standby; if it is set to "0," only the calendar clock appears.

## - Selector 5: Calendar clock type

If this selector is set to "0" (U.S.A.), the MM/DD/YY hh:mm format applies; if it is set to "1" (Europe), the DD/MM/YY hh:mm format applies: DD is the day, MM is the month, YY is the last two digits of the year, hh is the hour, and mm is the minute.

- Selector 6: Error indication in activity report

This selector determines whether or not a communications error code will be printed in the activity report.

- Selector 7: Non-ring reception

Setting this selector to "1" makes the equipment receive calls without ringer sound if the ring delay is set to 0 .

WSW18 (Function setting 3)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | CCD manufacturer setting | Fixed to 1. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | Detection enabled time for CNG and no tone | No. 3   <br> 0 0 $:$ 40 sec. <br> 0 1 $:$ 0 sec. <br> 1 0 $:$ 5 sec. <br> 1 1 $:$ 80 sec. |
| 4 | ACS* check sheet output function on/off key | 0: Operative 1: Inoperative |
| 5 | ACS* check sheet output function | 0: ON 1: OFF |
| 6 | Registration of station ID | 0: Permitted 1: Prohibited |
| 7 8 | Tone sound monitoring | No. 7 8  <br> 0 X $:$ <br> 1 0 $:$ No monitoring <br> Up to phase B at the <br> calling station only  <br> 1 1 $:$ All transmission phases <br> both at the calling and <br> called stations |

* ACS: Anti-curl system


## - Selector 1: CCD manufacturer setting

Reserved for future variation of CCD.

- Selectors 2 and 3: Detection enabled time for CNG and no tone

After the line is connected via the external telephone, the equipment can detect a CNG signal or no tone for the time length specified by these selectors. The setting specified by these selectors becomes effective only when selector 8 of WSW20 is set to "1."

- Selector 4: ACS check sheet output function on/off key

If this selector is set to "0" (Operative), the user can toggle the ACS check sheet output function on and off by pressing the 1 and 5 keys simultaneously. If it is set to "1" (Inoperative), the user cannot toggle the ACS check sheet output function from the control panel so that the setting specified by selector 5 becomes effective.

- Selector 5: ACS check sheet output function

When selector 4 is set to " 0, " the setting specified by this selector becomes the default state of the ACS check sheet output function. When selector 4 is set to "1," the setting specified by this selector becomes permanently effective.

## - Selector 6: Registration of station ID

Setting this selector to " 0 " permits the registration of station ID for Austrian and Czecho versions.

## - Selectors 7 and 8: Tone sound monitoring

These selectors sets monitoring specifications of the tone sound inputted from the line.

WSW19 (Transmission speed setting)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 1 3 | First transmission speed choice for fallback | $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { No. } & 1 & 2 & 3 & & \\ \text { No. } & 4 & 5 & 6 & & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & : & 2,400 \mathrm{bps} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & : & 4,800 \mathrm{bps} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & : & 7,200 \mathrm{bps}\end{array}$ |
| 4 1 6 | Last transmission speed choice for fallback | $\left.\begin{array}{llll} 0 & 1 & 1 & : \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & : \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & : \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & : \\ 1 & 12,000 \mathrm{bps} \end{array}\right] \begin{gathered} \text { * } \\ 14,400 \mathrm{bps} \text { * } \end{gathered}$ |
| 7 8 | Not used. |  |

* In those models with a maximum of 9600 bps capability, selection of $12,000 \mathrm{bps}$ or 14,400 bps will still only produce a set speed automatically reduced to 9600 bps .


## - Selectors 1 through 6: First and last choices of transmission speed for fallback

These selectors are used to set the MODEM speed range. With the first transmission speed choice specified by selectors 1 through 3, the equipment attempts to synchronize the data transmission via the MODEM. If the synchronization fails, the equipment automatically steps down to the next lowest speed and attempts to synchronize the data transmission again. The equipment repeats this sequence while stepping down the transmission speed to the last choice specified by selectors 4 through 6.
If the MODEM always falls back to a low transmission speed (e.g., 4,800 bps), set the first transmission speed choice to the lower one (e.g., modify it from $12,000 \mathrm{bps}$ to $7,200 \mathrm{bps}$ ) in order to deactivate the high-speed MODEM function and reduce the training time for shorter transmission time.
Generally, to save the transmission time, set the last transmission speed choice to a higher one.

WSW20 (Overseas communications mode setting)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $E P^{*}$ tone prefix | 0: OFF | 1: ON |
| 2 | Overseas communications mode (Reception) | 0: 2100 Hz | 1: 1100 Hz |
| 3 | Overseas communications mode (Transmission) | 0: OFF | 1: Ignores DIS once. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | Min. time length from reception of CFR to start of transmission of video signals | No. $\begin{array}{lll}4 & 5 & \\ 0 & 0 & \text { : } \\ 0 & 1 & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 & \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 200 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 300 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 400 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | Chattering elimination for CNG detection | $\text { No. } \begin{array}{lll} 6 & 7 & \\ 0 & 0 & : \\ 0 & 1 & \vdots \\ 1 & X & : \end{array}$ | A (During CNG ON and OFF) <br> $B$ (During CNG OFF only) <br> C (No elimination) |
| 8 | CNG detection on/off | 0: OFF | 1: ON |

* EP: Echo protection


## - Selector 1: EP tone prefix

Setting this selector to "1" makes the equipment transmit a 1700 Hz echo protection (EP) tone immediately preceding training in V. 29 modulation system to prevent omission of training signals.
Prefixing an EP tone is effective when the equipment fails to transmit at the V. 29 modem speed and always has to fall back to 4800 bps transmission.

## - Selectors 2 and 3: Overseas communications mode

These selectors should be used if the facsimile equipment malfunctions in overseas communications. According to the communications error state, select the signal specifications.
Setting selector 2 to "1" allows the equipment to use 1100 Hz CED signal instead of 2100 Hz in receiving operation. This prevents malfunctions resulting from echoes, since the 1100 Hz signal does not disable the echo suppressor (ES) while the 2100 Hz signal does.
Setting selector 3 to "1" allows the equipment to ignore a DIS signal sent from the called station once in sending operation. This operation suppresses echoes since the first DIS signal immediately follows a 2100 Hz CED (which disables the ES) so that it is likely to be affected by echoes in the disabled ES state. However, such a disabled ES state will be removed soon so that the second and the following DIS signals are not susceptible to data distortion due to echoes. Note that some models when called may cause error by receiving a self-outputted DIS.

## - Selector 8: CNG detection on/off

If this selector is set to "1," the equipment detects a CNG signal according to the condition preset by selectors 2 and 4 of WSW18 after a line is connected. If it is set to " 0 ," the equipment detects a CNG signal as long as a line is connected.

WSW21 (TAD setting 1)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | Max. waiting time for voice signal |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | Two-way recording | No.6 7   <br> 0 0 $:$ For U.S.A.     <br> 0 1 $:$ Except for U.S.A. (B)  <br> 1 0 $:$ Without beep (C) <br> 1 1 $:$ OFF (D) |
| 8 | Erasure of message stored in the memory after the message transfer | 0: YES 1: NO |

- Selectors 1 through 5: Max. waiting time for voice signal

In the TAD mode, the equipment waits for voice signal for the time length specified by these selectors before it automatically shifts to the facsimile message receive mode or disconnects the line.

- Selectors 6 and 7: Two-way recording (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)

These selectors select the specifications of the two-way recording feature.

- Selector 8: Erasure of message (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)

Setting this selector to "0" will erase the message recorded in the memory after the document retrieval feature transfers the message.

WSW22 (Copy resolution setting)

| Selector <br> No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Not used. |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |
| 3 | Copy resolution | $0:$ Fine | $1:$ Superfine |
| 4 | Not used. |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## - Selector 4: Copy resolution

This selector determines whether the resolution for multi-copy should be Fine or Superfine.

WSW23 (Communications setting)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Starting point of training check (TCF) | 0 : From the head of a series of zeros <br> 1: From any arbitrary point |
| $2$ | Allowable training error rate | $\begin{array}{llll} \text { No. } 2 & 3 & & \\ 0 & 0 & : & 0 \% \\ 0 & 1 & : & 0.5 \% \\ 1 & 0 & : & 1 \% \\ 1 & 1 & : & 2 \% \end{array}$ |
| $4$ | Decoding error rate for transmission of RTN | $\begin{array}{cccc} \text { No. } 4 & 5 & & \\ 0 & 0 & : & 16 \% \\ 0 & 1 & \vdots & 14 \% \\ 1 & 0 & \vdots & 10 \% \\ 1 & 1 & : & 8 \% \end{array}$ |
| $6$ | Not used. |  |
| 8 | Limitation of attenuation level | 0: YES 1: NO |

- Selector 1: Starting point of training check (TCF)

At the training phase of receiving operation, the called station detects for 1.0 second a training check (TCF) command, a series of zeros which is sent from the calling station for 1.5 seconds to verify training and give the first indication of the acceptability of the line.

This selector sets the starting point from which the called station should start counting those zeros. If this selector is set to " 0, " the called station starts counting zeros 100 ms after the head of a series of zeros is detected.
If it is set to "1," the called station starts counting zeros upon detection of $10-\mathrm{ms}$ successive zeros 50 ms after the head of a series of zeros is detected. In this case, if the detection of $10-\mathrm{ms}$ successive zeros is too late, the data counting period will become less than 1.0 sec ond, making the called station judge the line condition unacceptable.

## - Selectors 2 and 3: Allowable training error rate

The called station checks a series of zeros gathered in training (as described in Selector 1) according to the allowable training error rate set by these selectors. If the called station judges the line condition to be accepted, it responds with CFR; if not, it responds with FTT.

- Selectors 4 and 5: Decoding error rate for transmission of RTN

The facsimile equipment checks the actual decoding errors and then transmits an RTN according to the decoding error rate (Number of lines containing an error per page $\div$ Total number of lines per page) set by these selectors.

- Selector 8: Limitation of attenuation level

Setting this selector to "0" limits the transmitting level of the modem to 10 dB .
This setting has priority over the settings selected by WSW02 (selectors 5 through 8) and WSW13 (selectors 5 through 8).

WSW24 (TAD setting 2)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Maximum OGM recording time | No. 1 2   <br> 0 0 $:$ 15 sec.  <br> 0 1 $:$ 20 sec.  <br> 1 0 $:$ 30 sec.  <br> 1 1 $:$ 50 sec.  |
| 3 4 | Time length from CML ON to start of pseud ring backtone transmission | No.3 4   <br> 0 0 $:$ 4 sec. <br> 0 1 $:$ 3 sec. <br> 1 0 $:$ 2 sec. <br> 1 1 $:$ 1 sec. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 1 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | Attenuator for playback of ICM/ OGM to the line (Selectable from the range of $0-15 \mathrm{~dB}$ ) | $0:$ 0 dB $1:$ <br> $0:$ 0 dB dB <br> $0:$ 0 dB $1:$ <br> $0:$ 0 dB  <br> 0 dB $1:$ |

- Selectors 1 and 2: Maximum OGM recording time (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)
These selectors set the allowable maximum recording time for an OGM.
- Selectors 3 and 4: Time length from CML ON to start of pseud ring backtone transmission

These selectors set the length of time from CML-ON up to the start of pseud ring backtone transmission.

In those versions which have an OGM facility instead of pseud ring backtone, these selectors set the length of time from CML-ON up to the start of OGM transmission.

- Selectors 5 through 8: Attenuator for playback of ICM/OGM to the line (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)
Setting two or more selectors to "1" produces addition of attenuation assigned to each selector.

This setting will not be limited by selector 8 of WSW23.

WSW25 (TAD setting 3)

| Selector <br> No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | Not used. |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 1 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | Pause between paging number and PIN | No. $\left.\begin{array}{llll}5 & 6 & 7 & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & : \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \vdots \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \vdots \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & :\end{array}\right\} \quad 2 \mathrm{sec}$. |
| 8 | Automatic shift to facsimile message receive mode in ICM recording mode | $0:$ YES 1: NO |

- Selectors 5 and 7: Pause between paging number and PIN (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)

These selectors set the pause time between a telephone number being paged and PIN (private identification number) for the paging feature.

- Selector 8: Automatic shift to facsimile message receive mode in ICM recording mode (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)

If this selector is set to " 0, " the equipment automatically shifts to the facsimile message receive mode after recording an ICM. If it is set to "1," the equipment automatically disconnects the line after the waiting time has passed.

WSW26 (Function setting 4)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Application of DC wetting pulse |  | 0: OFF | 1: ON |  |
| 2 | Overvoltage limiter at the applying time of a wetting pulse |  | 0: ON | 1: OFF |  |
| 3 | Not used. |  |  |  |  |
| 4 5 | No. of CNG cycles to be detected (when the line is connected via the external telephone except in the external TAD mode) | No. | $\begin{array}{lll} 4 & 5 & \\ 0 & 0 & : \\ 0 & 1 & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 & : \\ 1 & 1 & : \end{array}$ | No detection 1 1.5 <br> 2 | (A) <br> (B) <br> (C) <br> (D) |
| 6 7 | No. of CNG cycles to be detected <br> (when the line is connected via the external telephone in the external TAD mode or via the facsimile equipment in F/T mode) | No. | $\begin{array}{lll} 6 & 7 & \\ 0 & 0 & : \\ 0 & 1 & : \\ 1 & 0 & : \\ 1 & 1 & : \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 1 \\ & 1.5 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | (A) <br> (B) <br> (C) <br> (D) |
| 8 | FAX reception after the time-out of pseudo ring backtones in F/T mode |  | 0: YES | 1: NO |  |

## - Selectors 1 and 2: Application of DC wetting pulse and overvoltage limiter

These selectors take effect only when the UK version of the facsimile equipment is set up for the British Telecom's caller ID service or its equivalent.
Selector 2 takes effect only when selector 1 is set to "1."

- Selectors 4 and 5: No. of CNG cycles to be detected

The equipment interprets a CNG as an effective signal if it detects a CNG signal by the number of cycles specified by these selectors when the line is connected via the external telephone except in the external TAD mode.

- Selectors 6 and 7: No. of CNG cycles to be detected (For those models not equipped with a built-in TAD)

The equipment interprets a CNG as an effective signal if it detects a CNG signal by the number of cycles specified by these selectors when the line is connected via the external telephone in the external TAD mode or via the facsimile equipment in $\mathrm{F} / \mathrm{T}$ mode.

- Selector 8: FAX reception after the time-out of pseudo ring backtones in F/T mode

If this selector is set to " 0 ," the equipment enters the facsimile receive mode after issuing pseudo ring backtones. If it is set to "1," the equipment disconnects the line after issuing pseudo ring backtones.

WSW27 (Function setting 5)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Not used. |  |  |
| 2 | Ringer OFF setting | 0: YES | 1: NO |
| 3 | Automatic playback of OGM at the start time of OGM ON mode | 0: NO | 1: YES |
| 4 | Detection of distinctive ringing pattern | 0: NO | 1: YES |
| 5 | Automatic erasure of voice alarm | 0: YES | 1: NO |
| 6 | Recording quality level | 0: Normal | 1: High |
| 7 | Not used. |  |  |
| 8 | Motor overheating error indication | 0: YES | 1: NO |

## - Selector 2: Ringer OFF setting

This selector determines whether or not the ringer can be set to OFF.

- Selector 3: Automatic playback of OGM at the start time of OGM ON mode (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)

This selector determines whether or not the equipment automatically plays back an OGM the moment it switches to the OGM ON mode in the MC mode.

## - Selector 4: Detection of distinctive ringing pattern

If this selector is set to " 0, " the equipment detects only the number of rings; if it is set to "1," the equipment detects the number of rings and the ringing time length to compare the detected ringing pattern with the registered distinctive one.

## - Selector 5: Automatic erasure of voice alarm

This selector determines whether or not the voice alarm should be erased from the memory after it is issued.

## - Selector 6: Recording quality level (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)

This selector determines the recording quality level (this function can be accessed also by the user function 8-8). If it is set to "1" (High), the sampling rate by selector 7 of WSW27 takes effect; if it is set to "0" (Normal), the sampling rate specified by selector 4 of WSW30 takes effect.

## - Selector 8: Motor overheating error indication

If this selector is set to " 0 ," the equipment displays the message "PRINTER FAULT" on the LCD whenever a motor overheating error occurs so that any of the following happens and the equipment aborts recording:

- The number of printed documents is five or less although the receiving operation continues for 15 minutes or more.
- The number of printed documents is 10 or less although the receiving operation continues for 20 minutes or more.


## WSW28 (Function setting 6)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | Transmission level of DTMF high-band frequency signal | No. 11 2 3   <br> 0 0 0 $:$ 0 dB <br> 0 0 1 $:$ +1 dB <br> 0 1 0 $:$ +2 dB <br> 0 1 1 $:$ +3 dB <br> 1 0 0 $:$ 0 dB <br> 1 0 1 $:$ -1 dB <br> 1 1 0 $:$ -2 dB <br> 1 1 1 $:$ -3 dB |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \mid \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | Transmission level of DTMF low-band frequency signal | No. 44 5 6   <br> 0 0 0 $:$ 0 dB <br> 0 0 1 $:$ +1 dB <br> 0 1 0 $:$ +2 dB <br> 0 1 1 $:$ +3 dB <br> 1 0 0 $:$ 0 dB <br> 1 0 1 $:$ -1 dB <br> 1 1 0 $:$ -2 dB <br> 1 1 1 $:$ -3 dB |
| 7 8 | Not used. |  |

- Selectors 1 through 6: Transmission level of DTMF high-/low-band frequency signal

These selectors are intended for the manufacturer who tests the equipment for the Standard. Never access them.

WSW29 (Function setting 7)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \mid \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | Compression threshold level for voice signals inputted via the network in the built-in TAD operation | No. 1 2 3    <br> 0 0 0 $:$ -47.0 dBm (A) <br> 0 0 1 $:$ -48.5 dBm (B) <br> 0 1 0 $:$ -50.0 dBm (C) <br> 0 1 1 $:$ -51.5 dBm (D) <br> 1 0 0 $:$ -53.0 dBm (E) <br> 1 0 1 $:$ -54.5 dBm (F) <br> 1 1 0 $:$ -56.0 dBm (G) <br> 1 1 1 $:$ OFF (H) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \mid \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | Compression threshold level for voice signals inputted via the handset in the built-in TAD operation | No. 4 5 6    <br> 0 0 0 $:$ -44.0 dBm (A) <br> 0 0 1 $:$ -45.5 dBm (B) <br> 0 1 0 $:$ -47.0 dBm (C) <br> 0 1 1 $:$ -48.5 dBm (D) <br> 1 0 0 $:$ -50.0 dBm (E) <br> 1 0 1 $:$ -51.5 dBm (F) <br> 1 1 0 $:$ -53.0 dBm (G) <br> 1 1 1 $:$ OFF (H) |
| 7 | Automatic dialing by caller IDs stored in the memory | 0: Yes 1: No |
| 8 | Beep at the time of full activity report data | 0: No 1: Yes |

- Selectors 1 through 6: Compression threshold level for signals inputted via the network/ handset in the built-in TAD operation (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)
If voice signals inputted via the network or handset are below the level specified by these selectors, the TAD interprets those received voice signals as no signal, compressing the recording time.
- Selector 7: Automatic dialing by caller IDs stored in the memory (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)
This selector determines whether or not the automatic dialing function by caller IDs stored in the memory (see the Note below) can be accessed.
If it is set to " 0, " caller IDs stored in the memory can be called up on the LCD by the user function 6-7 and then pressing the Start key when the desired caller ID is displayed dials the caller automatically.
(Note: The equipment can store a maximum of the latest 30 incoming caller IDs together with the reception date and time in the memory.)
- Selector 8: Beep at the time of full activity report data (For the European versions only)

If this selector is set to "1," the equipment will beep when the activity report becomes full (as well as displaying a message on the LCD, prompting the output of the activity report).

## WSW30 (Function setting 8)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 1 3 | Detection level of dial tone or busy tone for the built-in TAD operation |  | $-38.0 \mathrm{dBm}$ $-39.5 \mathrm{dBm}$ $-41.0 \mathrm{dBm}$ $-42.5 \mathrm{dBm}$ $-44.0 \mathrm{dBm}$ $-45.5 \mathrm{dBm}$ $-47.0 \mathrm{dBm}$ $-48.5 \mathrm{dBm}$ | (A) (B) (C) (D) (E) (F) (G) (H) |
| 4 | Not used. |  |  |  |
| 5 | Speaker output level | 0: Higher | 1: Lower |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 1 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | Not used. |  |  |  |

- Selectors 1 through 3: Detection level of dial tone or busy tone for built-in TAD operation (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)
If dial tone or busy tone inputted during ICM recording is below the level specified by these selectors, the TAD stops recording and disconnects the line.
- Selector 5: Speaker output level (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)

This selector determines the speaker output level when the speaker volume switch is set to HIGH or LOW, as listed below.

| Selector 5 of WSW30 <br> Speaker Volume Switch Position | 0 <br> (Higher) | 1 <br> (Lower) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HIGH | High | Medium-High |
| LOW | Medium-Low | Low |

WSW31 (Function setting 9)

| Selector <br> No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 |  |  |
| 1 | Not used. |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 | Minimum short-OFF duration in <br> distinctive ringing | $0: 130 \mathrm{~ms} \quad 1: 90 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| 6 | Not used. |  |
| 1 |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |$\quad$| ( |
| :--- |

- Selector 5: Minimum short-OFF duration in distinctive ringing

The ringer pattern consists of short and long rings, e.g., short-short-long rings. This selector sets the minimum OFF duration following a short ring in order to avoid missing ringer tones in distinctive ringing.
If this selector is set to "1," when the short-OFF duration is a minimum of 90 ms long, then the equipment will interpret the short-OFF as OFF.

WSW32 (Function setting 10)

| Selector <br> No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Not used. |  |
| 1 |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |

WSW33 (Function setting 11)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \mid \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | Detection threshold level for voice signals inputted via the network in the built-in TAD operation | No. 1 2 3    <br> 0 0 0 $:$ -42.5 dBm (A) <br> 0 0 1 $:$ -44.0 dBm (B) <br> 0 1 0 $:$ -45.5 dBm (C) <br> 0 1 1 $:$ -47.0 dBm (D) <br> 1 0 0 $:$ -48.5 dBm (E) <br> 1 0 1 $:$ -50.0 dBm (F) <br> 1 1 0 $:$ -51.5 dBm (G) <br> 1 1 1 $:$ -53.0 dBm (H) |
| 4 5 | First communications speed choice for PCl | No.4 5   <br> 0 0 $:$ $14,400 \mathrm{bps}$ <br> 0 1 $:$ $12,000 \mathrm{bps}$ <br> 1 0 $:$ $9,600 \mathrm{bps}$ <br> 1 1 $:$ $7,200 \mathrm{bps}$ |
| 6 | Report output of polled transmission requests | 0: YES 1: NO |
| 7 8 | Comfortable noise level | $\begin{array}{llllll} \text { No. } & 7 & 8 & & & \\ 0 & 0 & : & \text { OFF } & \\ & 0 & 1 & : & \text { Low } & \text { (A) } \\ 1 & 0 & : & \text { Medium } & \text { (B) } \\ & 1 & 1 & : & \text { High } & \text { (C) } \end{array}$ |

NOTE: The WSW33 is applicable to those models equipped with a built-in TAD.

- Selectors 4 and 5: First communications speed choice for PCI (For those models equipped with a built-in TAD)
These selectors are used to set the first communications speed choice with which the equipment attempts to synchronize the data transmission via the PC interface. If the synchronization fails, the equipment automatically steps down to the next lowest speed.
- Selector 6: Report output of polled transmission requests

This function does not apply in the U.S.A. versions.

- Selectors 7 and 8: Comfortable noise level

These selectors set the level of noise to be added during playing-back of voice signals recorded with no-signal compression.
If they are set to " $0,0, "$ no noise will be added.

WSW34 (Function setting 12)

| Selector No. | Function | Setting and Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \mid \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | ICM recording time to be erased preceding the tone detection when the equipment automatically disconnects the line because no voice signal has been received | No. $\begin{array}{lllll}1 & 2 & 3 & & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & : & 0 \text { sec. } \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & : & 1 \text { sec. } \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & : & 2 \text { sec. } \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & : & 3 \text { sec. } \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & : & 4 \text { sec. } \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & : & 5 \text { sec. } \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & : & 6 \text { sec. } \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & : & 7 \text { sec. }\end{array}$ |
| 4 5 | No. of CNG cycles to be detected (when the line is connected via the external telephone in the external TAD mode or via the facsimile equipment in F/T or TAD mode) | $\begin{array}{clllll} \text { No. } 4 & 5 & & & \\ 0 & 0 & : & 0.5 & \text { (A) } \\ 0 & 1 & : & 1 & \text { (B) } \\ 1 & 0 & : & 1.5 & \text { (C) } \\ 1 & 1 & : & 2 & \text { (D) } \end{array}$ |
| 6 7 | Number of DTMF tone signals for inhibiting the detection of CNG during external TAD operation | $\begin{array}{llll} \text { No. } & 6 & 7 & \\ \\ 0 & 0 & : & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & : & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & : & 1 \\ & 1 & 1 & : \\ & \text { OFF } \end{array}$ |
| 8 | Not used. |  |

- Selectors 4 and 5: No. of CNG cycles to be detected (For those models equipped with a builtin TAD)

The equipment interprets a CNG as an effective signal if it detects a CNG signal by the number of cycles specified by these selectors in any of the following cases:

- when the line is connected via the external telephone in the external TAD mode.
- when the line is connected via the facsimile equipment in F/T or TAD mode.
- Selectors 6 and 7: Number of DTMF tone signals for inhibiting the detection of CNG during external TAD operation

If the equipment receives this specified number of DTMF tone signals during external TAD operation, it will not detect CNG afterwards.
If these selectors are set to "1, 1, " the CNG detection will not be inhibited.

## [ B ] Printout of firmware switch data

## - Function

The equipment prints out the setting items and contents specified by the firmware switches.

## - Operating Procedure

(1) Press the 1 key twice in the initial maintenance mode.

The "PRINTING" will appear on the LCD.
(2) The equipment prints out the configuration list as shown in the figure below.
(3) Upon completion of printing, the equipment returns to the initial maintenance mode.

```
CONFIGLRATION LIST
```

MODEL: 5X1-S13
TIME : 06/04/1996 16:40
REV. : UG2372001 VER.A
SUM : 5279

```
WSW01 = 00000000
    1-2. DIAL FORMAT : NDRMAL
    3-4. BREAK TIME : 60 MS
    5-6. INTERDIGIT PAUSE : 800 MS
    7. DP/PB CHANGE IN USER SW : YES
    8. DP/PB FIXING SELECTION : PB
WSW02 = 11111010
    1-2. ON TIME : 100 MS
    3-4. DFF TIME : 140 MS
    5-8. LINE BEEP ATTENUATOR : 10 DB
WSW03 = 10000000
    1. PARA. CNG DETECTION1 : B
    2-4. NDT USED
    5. PARA. CNG DETECTION2 :A
    6-8. NDT USED
WSW04 = 00010101
    1-8. NOT LISEN
WSW32 = 01010000
    1-8. NOT USED
WSW33 = 10000010
    1-8. NOT USED
WSW34 = 01010000
    1-5. NOT USED
    6-7. DTMF DIGIT FOR CNG DETECTION : 3
    8. NDT USED
```


### 3.6 Operational Check of Control Panel PCB

## - Function

This function checks the control panel PCB for normal operation.

## - Operating Procedure

(1) Press the 1 and 3 keys in this order in the initial maintenance mode.

The "00 " will appear on the LCD.
(2) Press the keys and buttons in the order designated in the illustration shown below.

The LCD shows the corresponding number in decimal notation each time a key or button is pressed. Check that the displayed number is correct by referring to the illustration below.

If a key or button is pressed out of order, the equipment beeps and displays the "INVALID OPERATE" on the LCD. To return to the status ready to accept key \& button entry for operational check, press the Stop key.
(3) After the last number key or button is pressed, the equipment beeps for 1 second.
(4) To terminate this operation, press the Stop key. The equipment returns to the initial maintenance mode.

## FAX170/190



Key \& Button Entry Order


FAX-520DT



MFC370MC/390MC
brother

|  | Shessagelenter <br> Record <br> Erase <br> - Play |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mode Resolution 4 Set |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{-5}^{\text {Function }} \xlongequal{\text { Cel-index }}$ | $\overbrace{7}^{\mathrm{Help/Q.Scan}}$ |
|  | $C_{8}^{1} C_{0}^{2} C_{10}^{3}$ | $C^{4} C_{(11)}^{5}$ |
| ${ }^{3} 9878$ | Stop Copy | Start |
| Speaker Phone <br> 36 |  | (15) |

### 3.7 Sensor Operational Check

## Function

This function allows you to check that the six sensors (document front sensor, document rear sensor, cover sensor, PE sensor, cutter HP sensor and hook switch sensor*) operate correctly.
(*In those versions equipped with a Binatone handset, the hook switch sensor serves no function.)

In those versions equipped with a non-Binatone handset, the LCD shows the "FRE RC PE CHK" when

- the document front and rear sensors detect no paper (FRE),
- the recording paper cover is closed (RC),
- the PE sensor detects paper loaded (PE), and
- the cutter HP sensor detects that the cutter is placed in the home position and the hook switch sensor detects the on-hook state (CHK).

In those versions equipped with a Binatone handset, the LCD shows the "FRE RC PE CH" when

- the document front and rear sensors detect no paper (FRE),
- the recording paper cover is closed (RC),
- the PE sensor detects paper loaded (PE), and
- the cutter HP sensor detects that the cutter is placed in the home position (CH).


## Operating Procedure

(1) Press the 3 and 2 keys in this order in the initial maintenance mode.

In those versions equipped with a non-Binatone handset, the LCD should show "FRE RC PE CHK" if the detecting conditions of the six sensors are as defined above.
In those versions equipped with a Binatone handset, the LCD should show "FRE RC PE $\underline{\mathrm{CH}}$ " if the detecting conditions of the five sensors are as defined above.
(2) Change the detecting conditions and check that the indication on the LCD changes as follows:

- Insert paper through the document front sensor, and the "F" of the FRE disappears.
- Insert paper through the document rear sensor, and the "E" of the FRE disappears.
- Open the control panel, and the "RC" disappears.
- Remove the recording paper, and the "PE" disappears.
- Shift the upper blade of the automatic cutter out of its home position, and the "C" of the CHK ( CH ) disappears.
- Lift up the handset, and the "K" of the CHK disappears. (Only on those versions with a non-Binatone handset)
(3) To stop this operation and return the equipment to the initial maintenance mode, press the Stop key.


### 3.8 CIS Scanner Area Setting

## - Function

The equipment sets the CIS scanner area and stores it into the $\mathrm{E}^{2}$ PROM.

## - Operating Procedure

(1) Press the 5 key twice in the initial maintenance mode.

The "SCANNER AREA SET" will appear on the LCD.
The equipment checks and sets the area to be scanned.
If no error is noted, the equipment returns to the initial maintenance mode.
If any error is noted, the "SCANNER ERROR" will appear on the LCD. To return the equipment to the initial maintenance mode, press the Stop key.

### 3.9 Equipment Error Code Indication

## Function

This function displays an error code of the last error on the LCD.

## - Operating Procedure

(1) Press the 8 and 2 keys in this order in the initial maintenance mode. The LCD shows "MACHINE ERROR XX."
(2) To stop this operation and return the equipment to the initial maintenance mode, press the Stop key.

### 3.10 Document Draw Adjustment

After replacement of the main PCB or CIS, or if data stored in the $\mathrm{E}^{2}$ PROM is damaged, you need to carry out this procedure.

## - Function

This function adjusts how much the document is drawn in, starting at the point when the document rear sensor is turned on until the leading edge of the document reaches the scanning start position.

## Operating Procedure

(1) In the initial maintenance mode, set the TC-025 chart on the document stacker.

The message "DOC. READY" appears on the LCD.
(2) Press the Help key.

The equipment beeps and draws in the TC-025 chart to the scanning start position. While drawing it in, the equipment counts patterns on the chart to determine the amount of draw.
Upon completion of normal counting, the equipment shows the message "COPYING P.01" on the LCD and begins copying the TC-025 chart. The message "REAR SENSOR IS ADJUSTED" and the copied image will be printed out on recording paper as shown below.
If any error occurs during counting, the message "MACHINEERROR AB" appears on the LCD, with no copying of the TC-025 chart onto the recording paper taking place. However, only the message "REAR SENSOR IS ADJUSTED" will be printed out.

TC ロe5
1996.8 .29
,
 i:


## 

Printout after Normal Completion of Document Draw Adjustment

## CHAPTER VI.

ERROR INDICATION AND TROUBLESHOOTING

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## 1. ERROR INDICATION

To help the user or the service personnel promptly locate the cause of a problem (if any), the facsimile equipment incorporates the self-diagnostic functions which display error messages for equipment errors and communications errors.
For the communications errors, the equipment also prints out the transmission verification report and the communications list.

### 1.1 Equipment Errors

If an equipment error occurs, the facsimile equipment emits an audible alarm (continuous beeping) for approximately 4 seconds and shows the error message on the LCD. For the error messages, see [ 1 ] below. As one of the error messages, "MACHINE ERROR XX" includes an error code which indicates the detailed error causes listed in [2]. To display an error code for the other latest error message, make the equipment enter the maintenance mode and press 8 and 2 keys (for details, refer to Chapter V, Section 3.9).

## [1] Error messages on the LCD

| Messages on the LCD | Probable Cause |
| :--- | :--- |
| PAPER ROLL EMPTY | The paper empty (PE) sensor detects that no recording paper <br> is present. |
| PRINTER JAM | The recording paper failed to return to the printing position after <br> it had been cut. |
| COVER OPEN | The cover sensor detects that the control panel ASSY is not <br> closed. |
| DOCUMENT JAM | - Document jam <br> (1)The document length exceeds the limitation (400 or 90 cm) <br> registered by firmware switch WSW16. (Refer to Chapter <br> V, Section 3.5.) <br> (Both the document front and rear sensors stay ON even <br> after the document has been fed by the registered length.) <br> (2)The document rear sensor detects no trailing edge of a <br> document after the document has been fed by 400 cm. <br> (The document rear sensor stays ON even after the <br> document has been fed when the document front and rear <br> sensors were OFF and ON, respectively.) |


| Messages on the LCD | Probable Cause |
| :--- | :--- |
| DOCUMENT JAM | - Document loading error <br> (1)The document rear sensor detects no leading edge of a <br> document within 10 seconds from the start of document <br> loading operation. <br> (The document rear sensor stays OFF even after the <br> document has been fed when the document front sensor <br> was ON.) <br> (2) The loaded document is too short. <br> (Since the document is shorter than the distance between <br> the document front and rear sensors, the document front <br> sensor is turned OFF before the document rear sensor is <br> turned ON.) <br> CUTTER JAM <br> CLEAN UP SCANNER <br> The upper rotary blade of the automatic cutter failed to return to <br> the home position within the specified time after cutting the <br> recording paper. <br> SCANNER ERROR <br> In the scanning compensation data list printed by the mainte- <br> nance-mode function No. 05, less than fifty percent of the white <br> level data is faulty. <br> PRINTER FAULTIn the scanning compensation data list printed by the mainte- <br> nance-mode function No. 05, fifty percent or more of the white <br> level data is faulty. |
| MACHINE ERROR XX | The thermistor in the recording head caused a heat error. | | "XX" indicates an error code. Refer to Section [ 2 ] on the next |
| :--- |
| page. |

If only an alarm beep is heard without any message on the LCD when the equipment is powered up, the ROM or RAM will be defective.

## [ 2 ] Error codes shown in the "MACHINE ERROR XX" message

| Error Code <br> (Hxex.) |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| 82 | Recording paper feeding error. |
| 87 | Fails to complete the sequence of recording operation. |
| ( 89 | Cutter jam. ) |
| 8A | Wrong or weak contact of the recording head connectors. |
| ( 8B | Recording head overheat. ) |
| (A1 | Recording paper cover opened. ) |
| (A2 | Document too long to scan. ) |
| (A3 | Document not detected by the document rear sensor. ) |
| (A4 | 50\% or more faulty of white level data. ) |
| A5 | Faulty operation of DMA0 during scanning. |
| A6 | Faulty operation of DMA1 during scanning. |
| A7 | One-line feeding time-out error. |
| A8 | One-line scanning time-out error. |
| A9 | Abnormal scanning reference voltage. |
| AB | Document feed-in amount measuring error. |
| AC | Less than 50\% faulty of white level data. |
| B1 | CODEC LSI error. |
| ( B9 | Light emission intensity error of the LED array. ) |
| ( BA | Scanning error: The left-hand black reference line which is marked on the <br> document pressure bar for scanning width setting is not detected.) |
| ( BB | Scanning error: The right-hand black reference line which is marked on the <br> document pressure bar for scanning width setting is not detected.) |
| (BC | Scanning error: Reduction miss) |
| (BD | Scanning error: Enlargement miss) |
| ( BE | Abnormal clamp BWM value) |
| D1 | The MODEM setup bit sticks to High. |
| D2 | CTS stays OFF or ON if the MODEM RTS is turned ON or OFF, respectively. |
| D3 | Bit B1A of the MODEM stays OFF. |
| D4 | Bit RX of the MODEM stays OFF. |
| D5 | The MODEM fails to complete the command transmission sequence. |
| D6 | No MODEM interrupt for 60 seconds. |
| E1 | Microprocessor (MPU) error on the control panel PCB. |
| (E4 | Out of recording paper. ) |
| (E5 | Recording paper set error. ) |
| E6 | Write error in EPROM. |
| E8 | Data scanning error during transmission. |
| (EA | Document removed at phase B.) |
| F3 | Voice message recording or playing-back not started. |
| F5 | EOL not found in page memory transmission mode. |
| FF | Interface error of page memory command. |

Error codes in parentheses do not appear in the "MACHINE ERROR XX", since those errors are displayed as messages described in "[ 1 ] Error messages on the LCD." Those error codes appear in the communications error list if an equipment error occurs during communications. Refer to Section 1.2, (13).

### 1.2 Communications Errors

If a communications error occurs, the facsimile equipment
(1) emits an audible alarm (intermittent beeping) for approximately 4 seconds,
(2) displays the corresponding error message, and
(3) prints out the transmission verification report if the equipment is in sending operation.

Definition of Error Codes on the Communications List
(1) Calling

| Code 1 | Code 2 | Causes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 | 08 | Wrong number called. |
| 11 | 01 | No dial tone detected before start of dialing. |
| 11 | 02 | Busy tone detected before dialing. |
| 11 | 03 | 2nd dial tone not detected. |
| 11 | 05 | No loop current detected. * |
| 11 | 06 | Busy tone detected after dialing or called. |
| 11 | 07 | No response from the remote station in sending. |
| 11 | 10 | No tone detected after dialing. |
|  | 07 | No response from the calling station in receiving. |
| 17 |  |  |

* Available in Germany and Austria only.
(2) Command reception

| Code 1 | Code 2 | Causes |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 20 | 01 | Unable to detect a flag field. |
| 20 | 02 | Carrier was OFF for 200 ms or longer. |
| 20 | 03 | Abort detected ("1" in succession for 7 bits or more). |
| 20 | 04 | Overrun detected. |
| 20 | 05 | A frame for 3 seconds or more received. |
| 20 | 06 | CRC error in answer back. |
| 20 | 07 | Undefined command received. |
| 20 | 08 | Invalid command received. |
| 20 | 09 | Command ignored once for document setting or for dump- <br> ing-out at turn-around transmission. |
| 20 | OA | T5 time-out error |
| 20 | OB | CRP received. |
| 20 | 0C | EOR and NULL received. |

## (3) Compatibility [checking the NSF and DIS]

| Code 1 | Code 2 | Causes |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 32 | 01 | Remote terminal only with V.29 capability in 2400 or 4800 <br> bps transmission. |
| 32 | 02 | Remote terminal not ready for polling. |
|  |  | 10 |
| 32 | 11 | Remote terminal not equipped with password function or <br> its password switch OFF. |
| 32 | 12 | Remote terminal not equipped with or not ready for confi- <br> dential mail box function. |
| 32 | 14 | Remote terminal not equipped with or not ready for relay <br> broadcasting function. |
| 32 | No confidential mail in the remote terminal. |  |
| 32 | The available memory space of the remote terminal is less <br> than that required for reception of the confidential or relay <br> broadcasting instruction. |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(4) Instructions received from the remote terminal [checking the NSC, DTC, NSS, and DCS]

| Code 1 | Code 2 | Causes |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 40 | 02 | Illegal coding system requested. |
| 40 | 03 | Illegal recording width requested. |
| 40 | 05 | ECM requested although not allowed. |
| 40 | 06 | Polled while not ready. |
| 40 | 07 | No document to send when polled. |
| 40 | 10 | Nation code or manufacturer code not coincident. |
| 40 | 11 | Unregistered group code entered for relay broadcasting <br> function, or the specified number of broadcasting subscrib- <br> ers exceeding the limit. |
| 40 | 12 | Retrieval attempted when not ready for retrieval. |
| 40 | 13 | Polled by any other manufacturers' terminal while waiting <br> for secure polling. |
| 40 | 17 | Invalid resolution selected. |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(5) Command reception [checking the NSF and DIS after transmission of NSS and DCS]

| Code 1 | Code 2 | Causes |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 50 | 01 | Vertical resolution capability changed after compensation <br> of background color. |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(6) ID checking

| Code 1 | Code 2 | Causes |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 63 | 01 | Password plus "lower 4 digits of telephone number" not <br> coincident. |
| 63 | 02 | Password not coincident. |
| 63 | 03 | Polling ID not coincident. |
| 63 | 04 | Entered confidential mail box ID uncoincident with the mail <br> box ID. |
| 63 | 05 | Relay broadcasting ID not coincident. |
| 63 | 06 | Entered retrieval ID uncoincident with that of the mail box <br> ID. |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(7) DCN reception

| Code 1 | Code 2 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 74 |  | DCN received. |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(8) TCF transmission/reception

| Code 1 | Code 2 | Causes |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 80 | 01 | Fallback impossible. |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(9) Signal isolation

| Code 1 | Code 2 | Causes |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 90 | 01 | Unable to detect video signals and commands within 6 <br> seconds after CFR is transmitted. |
| 90 | 02 | Received PPS containing invalid page count or block <br> count. |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(10) Video signal reception

| Code 1 | Code 2 | Causes |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| A0 | 03 | Error correction sequence not terminated even at the final <br> transmission speed for fallback. |
| A0 | 11 | Receive buffer empty. (5-second time-out) |
| A0 | 12 | Receive buffer full during operation except receiving into <br> memory. |
| A0 | 13 | Decoding error continued on 500 lines. |
| A0 | 14 | Decoding error continued for 10 seconds. |
| A0 | 15 | Time-out: Five seconds or more for one-line transmission. |
| A0 | 16 | RTC not found and carrier OFF signal detected for 6 <br> seconds. |
| A0 | 17 | RTC found and command detected for 60 seconds. |
| A8 | 01 | RTN, PIN, or ERR received at the calling terminal. ${ }^{*}$ |
| A9 | 01 | RTN, PIN, or ERR received at the called terminal. * |
| AA | 18 | Receive buffer full during receiving into memory. |

* Available in Germany and Austria only.
(11) General communications-related

| Code 1 | Code 2 | Causes |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| B0 | 01 | Polarity inversion detected. |
| B0 | 02 | Unable to receive the next-page data. |
| B0 | 03 | Unable to receive polling even during turn-around trans- <br> mission due to call reservation. |
| B0 | 04 | PC interface error. |
|  |  |  |

(12) Maintenance mode

| Code 1 | Code 2 | Causes |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| E0 | 01 | Failed to detect 1300 Hz signal in burn-in operation. |
| E0 | 02 | Failed to detect PB signals in burn-in operation. |
| E0 | 03 | Failed to detect any command from the RS-232C interface <br> in burn-in operation. |
|  |  |  |

## (13) Equipment error

| Code 1 | Code 2 | Causes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FF | XX | Equipment error (For XX, refer to Subsection 1.1 [ 2 ].) |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## 2. TROUBLESHOOTING

### 2.1 Introduction

This section gives the service personnel some of the troubleshooting procedures to be followed if an error or malfunction occurs with the facsimile equipment. It is impossible to anticipate all of the possible problems which may occur in future and determine the troubleshooting procedures, so this section covers some sample problems. However, those samples will help service personnel pinpoint and repair other defective elements if he/she analyzes and examines them well.

### 2.2 Precautions

Be sure to observe the following to prevent the secondary troubles from happening:
(1) Always unplug the AC power cord from the outlet when removing the covers and PCBs, adjusting the mechanisms, or conducting continuity testing with a circuit tester.
(2) When disconnecting the connectors, do not pull the lead wires but hold the connector housings.
(3) - Before handling the PCBs, touch a metal portion of the machine to discharge static electricity charged in your body.

- When repairing the PCBs, handle them with extra care.

After repairing the defective section, be sure to check again if the repaired section works correctly. Also record the troubleshooting procedure so that it would be of use for future trouble occurrence.

### 2.3 Checking prior to Troubleshooting

Prior to proceeding to the troubleshooting procedures, check that:
(1) Each voltage level on $A C$ input lines and $D C$ lines is correct.
(2) All cables and harnesses are firmly connected.
(3) None of the fuses are blown.

### 2.4 Troubleshooting Procedures

## [ 1] Control panel related

| Trouble | Check: |
| :--- | :--- |
| (1) LCD shows nothing. | - Main-panel harness between the main PCB and the <br> control panel PCB <br> - Interfaces between the main PCB, NCU PCB and power <br> supply PCB |
|  | - Control panel PCB <br> - Power supply PCB <br> - Main PCB |
| (2) Control panel inoperative. | - Main-panel harness between the main PCB and the <br> control panel PCB |
|  | - Interfaces between the main PCB, NCU PCB and power <br> supply PCB |
| - Control panel PCB |  |
| - FPC key |  |
| - Main PCB |  |

## [2] Telephone related

| Trouble | Check: |
| :--- | :--- |
| (1) No phone call can be made. | $\begin{array}{l}\text { - FPC key } \\ \text { - } \\ \text { Cuntrol panel PCB by using the maintenance-mode } \\ \text { function No. 13. If any defective keys are found, replace } \\ \text { them. (Refer to Chapter V, Section 3.6.) }\end{array}$ |
| - NCU PCB |  |
| - Main PCB |  |$]$| (2)Speed dialing or one-touch <br> dialing will not work. | - Ordinary dialing function (other than the speed and one- <br> touch dialing) <br> If it works normally, check the main PCB; if not, refer to <br> item (1) above. |
| :--- | :--- |
| (3) Speaker silent during on-hook |  |
| dialing. | - Ordinary dialing function (other than the on-hook dialing <br> with the hook key) <br> If it works normally, proceed to the following checks; if <br> not, refer to item (1) above. |
| (4)Dial does not switch between <br> tone and pulse. | - Main PCB |


| Trouble |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| (5) Telephone does not ring. | - Speaker |
|  | - NCU PCB |
|  | - Main PCB |

## [3] Communications related

| Trouble | Check: |
| :---: | :--- |
| (1) No tone is transmitted. | - Main PCB <br>  |

## [ 4 ] Paper/document feeding related

| Trouble | Check: |
| :---: | :---: |
| (1) Neither "COPY: PRESS COPY" nor "FAX: NO. \& START" message appears although documents are set. | - Sensors by using the maintenance-mode function No. 32. (Refer to Chapter V, Section 3.7.) <br> - Actuators of the document front and rear sensors <br> - Main PCB |
| (2) Document not fed. | - ADF and its related sections <br> - Drive motor and its harness <br> - White pressure roller and its related gears <br> - Solenoid and the planetary gear train <br> - Main PCB |
| (3) Recording paper not fed. | - ADF and its related sections <br> - Drive motor and its harness <br> - Platen and its related gears <br> - Solenoid and the planetary gear train <br> - Main PCB |
| (4) The "CUTTER JAM" message cannot be removed. | - Drive motor and its harness <br> - Cutter HP sensor and its position <br> - Cutter gear <br> - Solenoid and the planetary gear train <br> - Main PCB |

## [5] Print-image related

If the received or sent image has any problem, first make a copy with the facsimile equipment.
If the copied image is normal, the problem may be due to the remote terminal; if it is abnormal, proceed to the following checks:

| Trouble | Check: |
| :---: | :---: |
| (1) Completely blank <br> At the scanner <br> At the recorder | - Main PCB <br> - Recording head harness <br> - Compression springs beneath the recording head <br> - Recording head <br> - Main PCB |
| (2) White vertical streaks <br> At the scanner <br> At the recorder | - CIS unit <br> - Recording head |
| (3) All black At the scanner <br> At the recorder | - CIS harness <br> - CIS unit <br> - Main PCB <br> - Recording head harness <br> - Recording head <br> - Main PCB |
| (4) Black vertical streaks <br> At the scanner <br> At the recorder | - CIS unit <br> - Recording head |
| (5) Light or dark At the scanner <br> At the recorder | - CIS unit <br> - Main PCB <br> - Compression springs beneath the recording head |


| Trouble | Check: |
| :---: | :---: |
| (6) Faulty image registration At the scanner <br> At the recorder | - CIS harness <br> - CIS unit <br> - Main PCB <br> - Recording head harness <br> - Main PCB |
| (7) Image distortion In communications <br> At the scanner <br> At the recorder | - Error code displayed (Refer to Section 1, "ERROR INDICATION" in this chapter.) <br> - NCU PCB <br> - Main PCB <br> - Separation roller and its related sections <br> - White pressure roller and its related gears <br> - Solenoid and the planetary gear train <br> - Drive motor and its harness <br> - Main PCB <br> - Compression springs beneath the recording head <br> - Platen and its related gears <br> - Solenoid and the planetary gear train <br> - Drive motor and its harness <br> - Main PCB |

## brother.

# FAX-170/190/510/HOME FAX 

## APPENDICES

Circuit Diagrams
A. Main PCB
B. Network Control Unit (NCU) PCB
C. Control Panel PCB
D. Power Supply PCB





|  |  | FAX170/190 | FAX510 | FAX170/190 | FAX510 | FAX170/190/ HOME FAX | FAX170 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | S.ASSY | S.ASSY 11 | S.ASSY 12 | S.ASSY 21 | S.ASSY 22 | S.ASSY 23 |
| PAGE | NO. | UF6682001 | UF6970001 | UF6965012 | UF6968021 | UF6982001 | Not fixed. |
| 1 | C37 | - | CC104 | CC104 | - | - | - |
|  | C39 | - | CC104 | CC104 | - | - | - |
|  | C46 | - | CC104 | CC104 | - | - | - |
|  | R48 | - | 10K | 10K | - | - | - |
|  | R50 | - | 10K | 10K | - | - | - |
|  | R51 | - | 10K | 10K | - | - | - |
|  | P5 | - | - | RF-H022TD | - | - | - |
|  | C17 | 5.5B473SG | 5.5B473 | 5.5B104 | 5.5B104 | 5.5B473SG | 5.5B473SG |
| 2 | \#10 | 24C08 | 24C16 | 24C08 | 24C08 | 24C16 | 24C32 |
| 4 | P2 | 9110S-12L | 9110S-18L | 9110S-18L | 9110S-12L | 9110S-12L | 9110S-14L |
|  | C56 | - | CC105 | - | - | - | - |
|  | Q8 | - | KRC107S | - | - | - | - |
|  | C58 | CC681 | CC182B | CC182B | CC681 | CC681 | CC681 |
|  | Q10 | - | 2SK208 | 2SK208 | - | - | - |
|  | R65 | $0 \Omega$ | 1K | 1K | $0 \Omega$ | $0 \Omega$ | $0 \Omega$ |
|  | R66 | - | $680 \Omega$ | $680 \Omega$ | - | - | - |
|  | R79 | - | 47K | 47K | - | - | - |
|  | R82 | 100K | 22K | 22K | 100K | 100K | 100K |
|  | R49 | 1K | 22K | 22K | 1K | 1K | 1K |
|  | D3 | - | 1SS120 | 1SS120 | - | - | - |
|  | D5 | - | 1SS120 | 1SS120 | - | - | - |
|  | R56 | $0 \Omega$ | - | - | $0 \Omega$ | $0 \Omega$ | $0 \Omega$ |
|  | R62 | $0 \Omega$ | - | - | $0 \Omega$ | $0 \Omega$ | $0 \Omega$ |








pf panel key matrix reference table 1

| KEy no. | key name | key coe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | mode | 18 |
| 2 | resolution | ов |
| 3 | $\leftarrow$ | 0 c |
| 4 | set | 04 |
| 5 | $\longrightarrow$ | 03 |
| 6 | ноок | 1 E |
| 7 | $10 \mathrm{KEY}-1$ | OE |
| 8 | $10 \mathrm{KEY}-2$ | 06 |
| 9 | 10 KEY -3 | 26 |
| 10 | Hold | 19 |
| 11 | $10 \mathrm{KEY}-4$ | 09 |
| 12 | $10 \mathrm{KEY}-5$ | 01 |
| 13 | 10 KEY - 6 | 21 |
| 14 | redialipause | 1 A |
| 15 | $10 \mathrm{KEY}-7$ | ${ }_{0} A^{\prime}$ |
| 16 | $10 \mathrm{KEY-8}$ | 02 |
| 17 | $10 \mathrm{KEY}-9$ | 22 |
| 18 | SPEAD DIAL | 10 |
| 19 | 10 kEY . | 00 |
| 20 | 10 KEY -0 | 05 |
| 21 | 10 KEY -\# | 25 |
| 22 | tel-index | 23 |
| 23 | help | 2 B |
| 24 | 1 TOUCH-1 | 14 |
| 25 | 1 тоисн-2 | 24 |
| 26 | 1 тоисн-3 | 20 |
| 27 | 1 тоисн-4 | 2 E |
| 28 | 1 тоисh-5 | 29 |
| 29 | 1 тоисн-6 | 16 |
| 30 | stop | 20 |
| 31 | copr | 2 A |
| 32 | start | 15 |

pf panel key matrix reference table 2

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{K} O 0 \\ & \mathrm{p}_{1}, 4 \mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{p_{1-2 p}}{\mathrm{~K} O}$ |  | $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{p}, 1,1 \mathrm{p}}$ | $\left.\right\|_{\mathrm{p},-5 \mathrm{p}} ^{\mathrm{K} O 4}$ | $\left.\right\|_{p, 1-1 / p}$ | $\underset{\text { K. © }}{ }$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{lll} K & 0 \\ p_{1}, ~ \end{array}$ | 12 | 11 |  | 10 | 13 | 28 |  |
| $\begin{array}{llll} \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{p}}^{\mathrm{p}} \mathbf{1} & 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 16 | 15 |  | 14 | 17 | 31 |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { K } 1 \quad 2 \\ p_{1}, P_{p} \end{gathered}$ | 5 | 2 |  | 1 | 22 | 23 |  |
| $\begin{array}{lll} K & 3 \\ \text { P1 } 1 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 4 | 3 | 24 |  | 25 | 26 |  |
| $\text { KI } 4$ | 20 | 19 | 32 | 18 | 21 | 30 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{K} \mid 5 \\ & \text { P1. } 6 \mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | 8 | 7 | 29 | 6 | 9 | 27 |  |




D


# FAX-270MC/290MC/520DT/520MC MFC370MC/390MC 

## APPENDICES

Circuit Diagrams
A. Main PCB
B. Network Control Unit (NCU) PCB
C. Control Panel PCB
D. Power Supply PCB


## 1. *: REFER TO MAIN 6/6.



14 E $\triangleright^{\text {obus }}$



## 1. *: REFER TO MAIN 6/6.














D


